Published every Even ug.

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HONGKONG, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1879.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON :- F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Late. Lombard Street. GRORGE STREET & Co., 80, Cornhill. Gordon & Gorch, Ludgate Oirous, E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jetory, B.C. SAMURL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall

PARIS AND EUROPE :- LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris. NEW YORK:-ANDREW WIND, 188, Nat-

eau Street. AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND :- GORDON & GOTCH, Me'bourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally :-- BEAR & BLACK, San Fran-

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:-SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen & Co., Manila.

CHINA:--Macao, Messrs A. A. DE MELLO Sustom. CAMPBELL & Co. WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co. Foothow, Hanca & Co. Shanghai. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WALSH. Yokohama, LAME, CRAW-FORD & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL,.....5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND,......1,400,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-W. H. Forses, Esq. Deputy Chairman-Hon. W. KRSWICK. E. R. BELILIOS, Esq. | WILHELM REINERS, II. L. DALRYMPLE. F. D. SABSOON, Esq. W. S. Young, Esq. H. Hoppius, Esq.

A. McIver, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER. Hongkong,.....THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. MANAGER.

Shanghai,......Ewen Cameron, Esq. BANKERS. - London and County

> HONGKONG. INTEREST ALLOWED.

N Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits :--For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum. 4 per cent. ,, ,, 5 per cent. ,, ,,

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED. Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. T. JACKSON. Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East, Hongkong, August 16, 1879.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

THE following Rates of Interest are allowed on FIXED DEPOSITS :-For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum. 4 per cent.

2 per cent. ,, ,, H. H. NELSON, Manager.

Hongkong, May 81, 1879.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

DECOGNISED by the International CONVENTION OF 30TH APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£3,200,000. RESERVE FUND...... £800,000.

HEAD OFFICE-14, RUE BERGERE, PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at: SAN FRANCISCO London. MARSEILLES, BOMBAY, HONGKONG, HANKOW, CALCUTTA. LYONB,

SHANGHAI.

NANTES,

LONDON BANKERS: THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOOCHOW.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be aspertained on application, grants Drafts and Oredits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business. E. G. VOUILLEMONT.

Manager, Bhanghai. Hongkong, May 20, 1879.

Banks.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. (Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CATITAL£1,500,000. DATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-At 3 months' notice 3% per Annum.

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

GEO. O. SCOTT, Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, September 4, 1879.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUS-TRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL,....£800 000. RESERVE FUND.....£150,000. .Bankers. .

THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE CITY BANK. THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hondkone grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-

On CUERENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance. ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum. 4 per cent. 5 per cent.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

FINE Undersigned have received instructions from Mestrs ADAMSON, Bell & Co., to sell by Public Auction, (For account of whom it may concern,)

TUESDAY,

the 4th of November next, Unless previously disposed of by Private Contract,)

The British Barque "CHOCOLA." as she now lies at Anchor off Yow-MAH-TEE. She was built of Oak and Elm at NANTES in 1868, and is well and favorably known on this Coast. She is well found in Sails and Gear generally, bas 2 BOWER ANCHORS, each with 100 fathoms Cable; also 1 SPARE ANCHOR and KEDGES. She has been recently opened for survey, and is still open for inspec-

For further part culars, apply to Mesers Adamson, Bell & Co., or to the Auctioneers.

TERMS OF SALE,—As customary. HUGHES & LEGGE, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 11, 1879.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUC-TION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously disposed of by private contract,-

THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY, Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of a most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES of GROUND close to the water, viz :- Inland Lots Nos. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE and Business Pre-MISES, erected specially for the purpose only a few years since, together with the MACHINERY, ENGINES, STILLS, VATS, STOCK, and TRADE FURNITURE and Fix-

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON,

Solicitors, Supreme Court House, Hongkong. Hongkong, March 5, 1879.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE.

NTOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary General MRETING of SHARE HOLDERS in the above OFFICE will be Held at the Office of the Undersigned, No. 7. QUEEN'S ROAD, OB TUESDAY, the 21st Instant, at 8 p.m.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. General Agents, Canton Insurance Office. Hongkong, October 11, 1879.

For Sale.

IVALS **191 XX**

EVOE'S NONPAREIL KEROSINE OIL (Certified 150° FIRE TEST). The New Students' READING LAMPS for Nonpareil Kerosine, (are perfeetly Safe and give a Light equal to, but more mellow than GAS). AMERICAN FLOOR OIL CLOTH in New Patterns.

LIGNUM, the New Floor-Cloth for Halls and surrounding Billiard Tables. Royal IRISH CONSTABULARY REVOLVERS. COLT'S POCKET DERRINGER PISTOLS.

AMERICAN DINING-ROOM CHAIRS. PERAMBULATORS. RIDING and DRIVING WHIPS. BRIDLES. GARDENING TOOLS.

HORSE CLIPPERS. CUMSHAW TEA. TODDY KETTLES. RUG STRAPS: LAWN TENNIS SETS. PAINT BOXES. PENKNIVES. RAZORS. SCISSORS.

SPONGES. PLAYING CARDS. PERFUMERY. CHUBB'S CASH BOXES. New MEERSCHAUMS. Well-Seasoned MANILA CIGARS and CHEROOTS. UNDERSHIRTS and ASSORTED HOSIERY. VEGETABLE, FLOWER and LAWN GRASS SEEDS.

New SCARFS, TIES, BRACES, &c. WALKING STICKS and UMBRELLAS. GOLDEN GATE BAKER'S EXTRA FLOUR. Fresh Hams and CHEESE. New HATS. COIR DOOR MATS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, October 1, 1879.

KELLY & WALSH DEG to intimate to all Desiring to

intimations.

Subscribe to English, American, FRENCH OF GERMAN NEWSPAPERS OF MAGAZINES for the Whole or Half of the Year 1880-that all Orders must be Received by the FIRST WEEK in November to insure their arrrival A Revised List is now ready and can be obtained on application. All Papers delivered immediately on receipt of Mail. Special Arrangements made with Clubs and Societies.

QUEEN'S ROAD, Hongkong, October 17, 1879.

HONGKONG RACES—1880.

THIS MEETING will take place on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WED-NESDAY, the 23ad, 24TH, and 25TH

FEBRUARY, 1880. GENTLEMEN having suggestions to offer or presentations to make are invited to communicate with the Clerk of the Course on or before the 20th Instant.

THE HONGKONG DERBY. A SWEEP STAKES of \$20 cach, Half forfeit, it Declared on or before the Day of Closing Entries - with \$100 added for let Pony, and \$50 for 2nd. For all China Ponies bond fide Griffins at Date of Entry, (WED. NESDAY, 21st JANUARY, 1880). First Pony, 70 per cent.; Second, 20 per cent.; Third, 10 per cent. Weight 10st, 10lbs. One Mile and a half. (NOMINATI NS CLOSE on MONDAY, 22nd DECEM-BER, 1879-Addressed to the Clerk of the Course at the Hongkong CLUB).

By Order, L. B. FRIEND. Lieut. R.E., Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, October 15, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have THIS DAY been appointed LLOYD'S AGENTS at this MARTIN, DYCE & Co.

Batavia, August 1, 1879.

F. VINCENOT,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT, AND STOREKEEPER, HONGKONG,

TEGS to inform his Patrons and the Public generally that he has received a Large Assortment of FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS, SPIRITS, and STORES of the BEST QUALITY

(French Produce). N.B.—F. V. is ready to supply at any of the Coast Ports, as well as in Hongkong, any quantity that may be required to suit

F. VINCENOT, No. 4, Peel Street. Hongkong, October 10, 1879. - no10

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR 1878, and to the 30th June, 1879.

CHAREHOLDERS in the above Com-PANY are requested to Furnish the Undersigned with a List of their Contra-BUTIONS from the 1st January, 1878; to the 30th June, 1879, in Order that the Portion of the NET PROFITS to be Reserved for CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to the 31st OCTOBER NEXT will be adjusted by the Company, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted. JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,

Scoretary. Hongkong, August 2, 1879.

Intimations.

TONGKONG ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS.

ORDERLY ROOM, 11th Oct., 1879. RECRUIT and M. L. GUN DRI Lat MURRAY BATTERY on TUESDAYS, at 5.15 p.m., at which all Members who have not passed these DRILLS are requested to

FIELD GUN DRILL at the North BARRACKS on THURSDAYS, at 5.15 p.m. A. COXON,

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF

CANTON.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NYOTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary Yearly MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the SOCIETY will be Held at its HEAD OFFICE, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 27th Instant, at 3 o'Clock p.m., for the Purpose of Receiving the Report of the Directors to ether with Statements of Accounts for the Year 1878, and for the Half-year ending 30th June,

The Transfer BOOKS of the Society will be CLUSED from the 17th to the 27th Instant, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board,

N. J. EDE. Secretary.

Hongkong, October 11, 1879.

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS.

OODS RECEIVED on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS, under European supervision; and VESSELS. Discharged alongside the Wharf, on favorable Terms, with quick despatch. Also entire Godowns to be let.

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, October 1, 1879.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. IN LIQUIDATION.

TENTH RETURN of CAPITAL at the Rate of TWO TAELS per SHARE, will be made to Shareholders of Record on 13th October, Payable at the Office of the Liquidators, on MON-

DAY, 20th October. Warrants will then be delivered by the Undersigned to Shareholders, or their lawful representatives, on presentation of Share Certificates for Endorsement.

The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be ULOSED from the 13th to the 20th July, inclusive.

By Order, RUSSELL & Co., Liquidators.

NOTICE.

Shanghal, October 1, 1879.

RESIDENCE Wanted by the 31ct Instant. The Carne Road or that NEIGHBOURHOOD preferred.

Apply to THE BORNEO COMPANY, LTD. Hongkong, October 1, 1879.

DENTAL NOTICE.

TR. ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI during the Summer Months, leaving Hongrous on the 1st of April next, and returning about 1st November. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

TNDER Instructions from the Court of over (harge of this BRANOH of the BANK to Mr E. G. MOBERLY. J. SOMERVILLE.

Hongkong, October 16, 1879.

E Gouvernement de la Cochinchine mettra en adjudication le 3 Novembre prochain un S-RVICE MEN-UEL et DIRECT PAR BATEAU à VAPEUR entre Saigon, le Tonquin, et Pouls-Condor. Le cahier des charges peut être co sulté

Le Chancelier p i.,

FRENCH CONSULATE.

HE Government of Cochin-china invite TENDER: for a DIRECT MONTH-LY SERVICE by SPEAMER between Saigon, Tonquin, and Poulo Condor; Tenders to be opened on the 3rd November

Full Particulars may be seen at the French Consulate. J. LE GLAY,

Steamers.

FOR YOKOHAMA AND HIJGO. The Steamship "GLENEAGLES" will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY Next, the 19th Instant, at Daylight.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW. The Steamship "KWANGTUNG,"

spatched for the above Ports on TUASDAY, the 21st inst., at Daylight, For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL S. S. COMPANY.

The Steamship "OUE NIC." be despiced hence for

FIRST-CLASS FARE to LONDON, \$300. For Freight or Passage, apply to the AGENCY of the Company, No. 37, Queen's

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Capt. R. J. BROWN, will be despatched on or about the 23rd lustant.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Hongkong, October 1, 1879.

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Company's Steamship "ORESTES," Capt. J. K. WEBSTER, will be despatched on or about

the 30th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Hongkong, October 14, 1879.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGA-TION COMPANY.

Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for all Australasian and New Zealand Ports,

TASMANIA, NEW CALEDONIA & FIJI. The Company's Steamer

wilbe despatched as above on THURSDAY, the S0th Inst., at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to

shipping.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 american Ship "EMERALD ISLE,"

STAPLES, Master, will load

will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

here for the above Port, and

Hongkong, October 15, 1879.

FOR YLOILO. The German Barque "H. UPMANN," WEBEE, Vlaster, will have im-mediate despatch as above.

For Light Freight, apply to REMEDIOS & Co.

Hongkong, October 14, 1879. FOR NEW YORK. The A1 British Bark "GLAMORGANSHIRE," Angear, Master, will load here for the above Port, and

will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, September 25, 1879.

FOR HAMBURG. The A 1 German Bark " dANS," LE MOULT, Master, will load here for the above Port, and

For Freight, apply to VOCKL & Co.

will have quick despatch.

Hangkong, September 25, 1879. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 British Ship Capt. DUNHAM, will load here for the above Port, and will "ALEXANDER YEATS,"

have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, September 19, 1879. FOR NEW YORK.

"EXCELSIOR," Captain EDDY, will load here for the above Port, and will Captain Eddy, will load here

The A 1 American Bark

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, September 19, 1879. FOR HAMBURG.

will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

FOR LONDON. The A 1 British Bark TOO WOOM BA,"

KIRKPATRIOK, Master, will load here for the above Port,

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, September 3, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Bark The A I American Bark

"JAS. A. BORLAND,"

KENT, Master, will load here
for the above Port, and will for the above Port, and will

have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Bark W. A. WOODWARD Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to Hongkong, August 20, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK. The 4 1 American Bark "F. P. LITCHFIELD," Captain SPALDING, will load her for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, August 8, 1879.

COSMOPOLITAN DOCKS.

TYTE. SPRATT & Co. have lately VV . added an Fxtensive MACHINE SHOP and other APPLIANCES to the former Advantages of these Docks.

The DIMENSIONS of the Dock are:-460

Hongkong, October 4, 1878.

日四初月九年卯己

inumations. CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,

the Directors I have To-DAY handed

Manager.

CONSULAT DE FRANCE.

à la Chancellerie du Consulat de France. Hongkong, le 9 Octobre, 1879.

J. LE GLAY.

Acting hancelier. Hongkong, October 9, 1879.

Shipping

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Hongkong, October 17, 1879. Captain-Commandant H. K. A. V. Captain Abbott, will be de-

instead of as previously advertised.

Hongkong, October 17, 1879.

NOTICE.

LONDON via SUEZ CANAL on THUR DAY, October 23rd, at Noon.

Road Central. H M. BLING ARD. Acting agent. Hongkong, October 16, 1879.

FOR LONDON FIA SULZ CANAL. The Company's Steamship

For Freight or Passage, apply to

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Agents.

FOR PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE,

OOEAN," H. WEBBER, Commander,

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, October 17, 1879.

have quick despatch.

The A 1 German Bark KALLSEN, Master, will load for the above Port, and

Hongkong, September 3, 1879.

and will have quick despatch.

Hongkong, August 21, 1879.

VOGEL & Co.

For Freight, apply to

Feet, on the Blocks; 92 Feet Wide: Ordinary Tides, 21 Ft ; Spring Tides, 24 Ft. Office, 20, PRAYA CENTRAL, HONGRONG.

For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co., QEG to announce the ARRIVAL of the following FIRST-CLASS

STORES, &c. Ex "OCEANIC," "LORD OF THE ISLES," And Other Late Arrivals.

Finest California BUTTER in Rolls. Good Cooking BUTTER in Kegs. Pine Apple CHEESE. Limburg CHEESE.

Sap Sage CHEESE. Prime Gilroy CHEESE. Fine Eastern HAMS.

Fine Eastern BACON. Prime Smoked SALMON. Smoked HERRINGS. Boston MACKEREL.

SALMON BELLIES. Family PIG PORK and BEEF in Kegs. Pickled OX-TONGUES.

Boneless and Good Dry CODFISH. SAUERKRAUT in Kegs. Finest CAVIARE and SARDELLES.

> Fresh APPLES. "Ne Plus Ultra" APPLE RINGS. BICKORY NUTS. PECAN NUTS. BRAZIL NUTS. PEA NUTS. COMB HONEY in Frames.

Pure Orange BLOSSOM HONEY. BROUGHAM'S TURKEY & TONGUE. LUN H TONGUE. Compressed HAM. L. McNeil & Libby's Compressed L. Moneil & Libby's Corned BEEF

L McNEIL & LIBBY'S Compressed TONGUE. Green TURTLE, 11b. and 2lb. tins. Boneless Spiced PIG'S FEET. Assorted Devilled MEATS. Baked PORK and BEANS.

CALIFORNIA CHACKER Co.'s GINGER OAKES. CALIFORNIA CRACKER Co 's SODA BISCUITS. CALIFORNIA CRACKER Co.'s OYS-

TER ORACKERS. Pound. OATMEAL in Casks. Fresh CORNMEAL.

Cracked WHEAT. BUCK WHEAT. RYE FLOUR. HOMINY.

CUTTING'S Assorted JELLIES in Glass CUTTING'S ASSORTED DESSERT FRUITS.

QUEEN'S OLIVES. Pickled LIMES. Stuffed PEPPERS. ASPARAGUS. Asst. Corned VEGETABLES. Assorted PICKLES.

Do. Assorted SAUCES. White BEANS.

Split PEAS. MESS' PORK and BEEF. BORDEN'S Condensed MILK (very fresh).

άc,

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S HOUSEHOLD STORES.

Mulsow's Assorted German SAUSAGES. Do. VEGETABLES. Long ASPARAGUS (very fine).

PHILIPPE & CANAUD'S Assorted PATES. SARDINES.

JOHN MOIR & SONS' Celebrated Family STORES. Game PIES, Veal and Ham PIES. Truffled SAUSAGES. Cambridge SAUSAGES. Bologna SAUSAGES. Pork SAUSAGES. SAVELOYS. SALMON CUTLETS (in Indian Sauce) HADDOCK ROES. Fried SOLES. Kippered HERRINGS. BLOATERS. HERRINGS A LA SARDINE. OATMEAL, &c., &c.

BOOKS!

BOOK 3!! BOOKS !!!!

The Latest and most Popular NOVELS, By First-class Authors. DICTIONARIES, చూరి.

"Cable Coil," "Perfection" and "Empress

of India" TOBACCOS.

Specially Seclected CIGARS. Cavite CHEROOTS. Princessa CHEROOTS.

Cavite CIGARS. Princessa CIGARS. Aroceros CIGARS. Vegueros CIGARS.

Choice No. 3 Meisig CHEROOTS. Choice No. 3 Fortin CIGARS.

REVOLVERS & RIFLES. Breech loading Central Fire FOWLING

Electro-Plated "British Bull Dog" REVOLVERS. SMITH AND WESSON'S REVOLVERS. COLT'S DEBINGER PISTOLS AND REVOLVERS.

CARTRIDGES, &c., &c. Hongkong, October 15, 1879.

For Sale.

FOR SALE. THEOPHILE ROEDERER & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE,

awarded the GOLD MEDAL AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION. DRY VERZENAY MOUSSEUX: Pints......\$18 ,, MEYER & Co., Agents. Hougkong, August 21, 1879.

FOR SALE. TULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, May 26, 1879. NOW READY.

MENG-SHUL; or, THE RUDIMENTS OF NATURAL SCIENCE IN CHINA. By Dr. E. J. EITEL. One Volume. 8vo. Price

\$1.50. BUDDHISM, ITS HISTORY, THEORY AND POPULAR RELIGION, in three Lectures, By Dr. E. J. EITEL. Second Edition. One Volume. 8vo. Price, \$1.50.

Orders will be received by Messrs Lane, Crawford & Co. Honekong, July 31, 1873

HONG LISTS.

Circular, large sheet. HE AMENDED HONG LIST. in English and Chinese, containing the Names of all the most important Companies, Institutions and Mercantile Houses in the

Colony. Price, 25 cents each; or \$2.50 per dozen.

At the "China Mail Office.

To del. TO LET.

WAFER BISCUITS per MARINE HOUSE.—The ROOMS now occupied as the COMMERCIAL Ex-CHANGE, and a GODJWN behind the same. E. R. BELILIOS.

Hongkong, October 11, 1879.

TO LET.

Large and very Commodious OFFICE, FIRST FLOUR, connected with PRIVATE ROOMS.

Apply to SANDER & Co.,

Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, October 6, 1879.

STORAGE.

OODS RECEIVED on STORAGE in T GODOWNS in PEDDAR'S WHARF BUILDINGS, at Moderate Terms. Apply to

G. R. LAMMERT. Hongkong, August 9, 1879.

TO LET.

N MARINE LOT No. 65, FIRST-CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS. MEYER & Co. Apply to Hongkong, July 25, 1879.

"ROSE VILLAS"-FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, BONHAM ROAD, WITH Large TENNIS LAWN.

Apply to SHARP & DANBY, No. 6, Queen's Road Central: late Messrs E. D. Sassoon & Co.

Insurances.

Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

TNSURANCES against FIRE granted at Current Rates. Considerable Reduction in Premia for LIFE Insurance in

MEYER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 2, 1879.

ASSOCIATION. CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up)......Tls. 420,000

PERMANENT RESERVE......Tls. 230,000 SPECIAL RESERVE FUND......Tls. 206,370 TOTAL CAPITAL and Ac-

CUMULATION, 25thTls. 856,370

April, 1879......) Directors.

F. B. FORBES, Esq., Chairman. M. W. BOYD, Esq | WM. MEYERINK, Esq. C. LUCAS, Esq. S. D. WEBB, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE-SHANGHAI. Messrs RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH, Messrs BARING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers. FULLARTON HENDERSON, Esq.,

8, St. Michael's Alley, Cornhill, E.C. POLICIES granted on Marine Risks to all

parts of the World. Subject to a charge of 12 % for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the Underwriting Business will be annually distributed among all Contributors of Business in proportion to the Premlum paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, October 1, 1879,

insurance.

SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

TNSURANCES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World. MEYER & Co., Agente. Hongkong, June 3, 1879.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

DOLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit, are distributed annually to Contributorsa whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the nett amount of Premia contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH, Secretary.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE-HONGKONG.

GENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of A China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon and Penang. Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at

the above mentioned Ports. NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES. JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,

Secretary. Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Acts of Parliament.

> ESTABLISHED 1809. CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent. GILMAN & Co.,

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY. THE Undersigned, Agents for the above 1 Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELOHERS & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Company. Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premis.

NORTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE,

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER His Majesty King George The First,

A. D. 1720. IN HE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are

prepared to grant Insurances as follows:-Marine Department. Policies at current rates payable either here, in London of at the principal Ports

of India, China and Australia. Fire Department. Policies issued for long or short periods at

current rates. A discount of 20 % allowed. Life Department. Policies issued for sums not exceeding

£5,000 at reduced rates. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE, COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

VANGTSZE INSURANCE Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling Reserve Fundupwards of £ 120,000 £ 250,000 Annual Income

> THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates...

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

LANCASBIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL,-Two MILLIONS STEELING. THE Undersigned are prepared to grant POLICIES against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms

and Conditions. Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision. If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-

posals or any other information, apply to-

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.. Agents, Hongkong & Canton, Hongkong, January 4, 1867,

Notices of Firms.

NOTIOE. MR. ALEXANDER C. LEVYSOHN retired from our Firm in Hongkong and China on the 31st of December last, and Mr LORENZ TOESNECKER was admitted a PARTNER therein on the same

Mr JULIUS KRAMER has been authorized to Sign our Firm per Procuration at CANTON.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, October 11, 1879.

NOTICE.

HE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of MEJOHN FAIRBAIRN in our Firm here and in Yokohama, CEASED on the 31st March, 1879.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. Hongkong, October 6, 1879.

NOTICE.

HHE Undersigned has established himself at the Fremises formerly occupied by Lammert, Atkinson & Co., Peddar's

Wharf, as AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER AND COMMISSION AGENT.

All GOODS intrusted for SALE will be fully covered by FIRE INSURANCE. G. R. LAMMERT.

Hongkong, July 1, 1879.

NOTICE. FIRE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY. of Mr C. BRAUN in our Firm, CEASED. on the 23rd September A.C. Mr C. STIEBEL is authorized to Sign

our Firm. REISS & Co., Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama. Hongkong, October 3, 1879.

NOTICE.

ROM the 1st of October, DR EASTLACKE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, Queen's Road Central, over the MEDICAL HALL

Hongkong, September 23, 1878.

lails.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-Ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE,

CENTRAL

IN COMMECTION WITH THE

UNION PAULFIO AND CONNECTING RAILROAD COMPANIES

ATLANTIO STEAMERS. HIHE S. S. GAELIC will be despatchon WEDNESDAY, October 22nd, 1879, at

Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central and South America, and Europe. Connection is made at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai. Freight will be received on Board until 4 p.m. of the 21st October. PARCEL PAUKAGES will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages

should be marked to address in full; value of same is required. A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PAS-SAGE TICKETS. Consular Invoices to accompany Overland, Mexican, Central and South American Cargo, should be sent to the Company's

Offices addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco. For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central. H. M. BLANCHARD,

Acting Agent. Hengkong, September 27, 1879.



STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDI-TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-AMPTON, AND LONDON; VIA BOMBAY.

ALBO, BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND AUSTRALIA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship Colonial Newspapers received at the office ANCONA, Capt. E. G. STEAD, will leave are regularly filed for the inspection of this on SATURDAY, the 25th October, Advertisers and the Public. at Noon.

be conveyed vid Bombay without transhipment, arriving one week later than by the direct route. Silk and Valuables will be transferred to the Calcutta steamer at For further Particulars, apply to

Tea and General Cargo for London will

A. MolVER, Superintendent.

NOW READY.

Hongkong, October 13, 1879.

OHINESE DICTIONARY IN THE OANTONESE DIALECT. Parts and II., A to M, with Introduction. Royal 8vo., pp. 404.-By ERNEST JOHN EITEL. Ph.D. Tübingen. Price: FIVE DOLLARS, or Two DOLLARS

AND A HALF per Part.

To be had from Messra LAME, CRAWFORD

& Co., Hongkong and Shanghai; and Mesers KELLY & WALSH, Shanghal. Hongkong, March 1, 1878.

Intimations.

YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSO-CIATION.

NOTICE.

N accordance with the Articles of Agreement, the Directors have declared a DIVIDEND to POLICYHOLDERS for the FIFTEEN MONTHS ending 31st December 1878, of THIRTY-THREE PER CENT. ON THE NET PREMIA CONTRIBUTED, 15th Instant.

Policyholders are requested to send in particulars of their Contributions. By Order of the Directors,

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, May 5, 1879.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR

1878, AND THE FIRST 6 MONTHS

OF 1879. CHAREHOLDERs in the above Com-PANY are requested to Furnish the Undersigned with a List of their Contri-BUTIONS for the YEAR ending December 31st 1878, and for the SIX Months from January 1st to June 30th 1879; in Order that the DISTRIBUTION of the Portion of PRO-FITS Reserved for CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not rendered

prior to October 31st next, will be adjust-

ed by the Company and no Claims of

Alterations will be subsequently admitted. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers. oc31 Hongkong, July 24, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the New YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

DECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING.

Agents.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, Sept. 3, 1879. Volume Eighth of the

"CHINA REVIEW."

No. 1.-Vol. VIII. _OF THE-CCCHIBA BEVIEW DO

CONTAINS ed for San Francisco via Yokohama, | Translations from the Lii-li, or General Code of Laws. p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers to New Cantonese Words. Translations of Chinese School-books.

The Ballads of the Shi-king. Nestorians at Canton. Korean Fronunciation of Chinese. The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Ch'ung. Brief Sketches from the Life of K'ung-

Short Notices of New Books and Literary Intelligence. Notes and Querles :--Worship of the Emperor's Tablet. Snake Bites. A Terra cotta Vase with supposed Chi

nese Inscription discovered by Dr. Schliemann, at Hissarlik (with illustrations). Opium Consumption in China. Official Usurers. Heraldic and other Designations.

Coins of the Ming.

Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c. Hongkong, Septemter 26, 1879.

A Porcelain "Coin" (with woodcut).

SAILORS' HOME. NY Cast-off CLOTHING, BOOKS, OI A PAPERS will be thankfully received at the Sailor's Home, West Point.

Hongkong, July 25, 1878,

FREDERIC ALGAR,

COLONIAL, NEWSPAPER & COMMIS-SION AGENT, 11, Olement's Lane, Lombard Street,

THE Colonial Press supplied with News-

papers, Books, Types, Ink, Presses, Papers, Correspondents, Letters; and any European Goods on London terms. NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

NOTICE.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TROM and after the Chinese New Year's day (February 17, 1874) the Chinese Mail will be issued DAILY instead of TRI-WEEKLY as heretofore. No change, however, will be made in the price of subscription, which will remain at \$4 per annum. The charges for advertisements are now assimilated to those of the China Mail. The unusual success which has attended the Chinese Mail makes it an admirable medium for severtisers.

The Conductors guarantee an eventual circulation of one thousand copies. It is already the most influential native journal published, and enjoys counderable prestige at the Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Penarig, Calcutta, San Frandisco and Australia.

China Mail Office.

lutimations. THE HONGKONG CHINESE MAIL

THE Circulation of THIS PAPER has been very much extended. The following are some of its Agents:-

Macao. - Man Chuen Shop. Canton. - Sing Chuen Native Post Office, Luen Hing Street; Chui Heung Low Hotel, Luen Hing Street; Kwong Tin Fat Shop, Yan Tsal Street; Mr Sit Chuen Fan, Tung Wen Kwan; Yuen Fong Shop, in front of the Provincial Treasurer's Yamen; How Yuen ayable at our Office on and after the Shop, Small Market Street, New City; Yee Cheung Photograph Shop, Honam; Kwai Heung Shop, Sin Choong, Honam. Swatow, Sul Cheong-Hong; Woh-Shun

Loong Hong. Amoy.-Chin Cheong Hong, Mook Kek

Foochow. -- Mr Yii Ching Cheong, Foochow Arsenal; Mr Lum Kwok Ching, Mari-

time Customs. Shanghai, -Mr Ng Ching Shun, Maritime Customs; Mr Ho Yue Chuen, Maritime Customs; Mr Chun Sing Hoi, Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co.; Mr Kwong Chuen Fook, Educational Mission School; and Mow Sing Sang Kee shop.

Ningpo.-Mr Sung Min Chee, Maritime Customs. Hankow.—Yee Hing Hong. Chefoo .- Yee Shun Hong. Japan.-Mr Leong Chun Tong, Municipal Office, Yokohama.

Singapore. Ting Kee Hong; Kwong Fook Sang Hong. Penang. - Yow Wing Fong; Argus Office. Calcutta. - Mow Sing Company.
San Francisco. - Kwong Foong Tai Hong. The above are some of the Agencies, others will be published, when they are

arranged for. Negociations are in progress

with the express couriers who carry the

oficial despatches and Peking Gazettes, to circulate the Chinese. Mail in the interior of

Hongkong, March 10, 1874.

Saigon .- Wohang Hong.

A NEW STOCK OF NEAT JOBBING TYPES

THIS OFFICE IS PREPARED TO EXECUTE BOOK & JOB PRINTING

HAVING BEEN RECEIVED

FROM ENGLAND,

AT BEASONABLE BATES. ANCY BALL PROGRAMMES ASSORTED SIZES, IN GOLD AND COLOURS.

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

BALL PENCILS. asserted colours.

In Gold & Coloured Borders & Patterns. BOOKS BOUND IN APPROVED

PATTERNS.

Sale. For FOR FOREIGN-GOING AGREEMENTS Ships, LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S WASHING BOOKS,

CONTRACT PASSAGE TICKETS.

EXPORT CARGO REPORTS, POWERS OF ATTORNEY. CHARTER PARTIES, SHIPPING ORDERS, BILLS OF LADING, PASSENGER LISTS,

BILLS OF SALE,

LOG BOOKS, WILLS;

China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street,

(Back of Club).

Chair and Boat Hire: LEGALISED TARIFF OF FARES FOR CHAIRS. CHAIR BEARERS, AND BOATS,

IN THE COLORY OF HONGEONG.

Chairs and Ordinary Pullaway Boats. Half hour, 10 ots. | Hour, 20 cts Three hours,... 50 cts. Six hours,.... 70 cts. Day (from 6 to 6),. ... One Dollar. Licensed Bearers (each).

Half day, 35 cents.

BOAT AND COOLIE HIRE.

BOATS,

Hour, 10 cents.

1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Day, 1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Load, ... 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 picule, per Day, 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Load, ard Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800

8rd Class Cargo Boat or He-kan Boat of 800 .

8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 piculs, Half Day, or Pullaway Boats, per Day, One Hour, ...

picula, per Day,

pionis, per Load.

After 6 P.M.,..... 10 conts extra. Nothing in this Scale prevents private agree That for the Street Coolies is as for

Half-an-Hour.

Boals of Hire for Street Coultes. One Hournessessessesses Helf Hour,

Nothing in the above Scale is to affect private

STREET COOLIES.

intimations.

SPORTING AMMUNITION. ESTABLISHED 1820.



The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout Eng-

land, India, and the Colonies. JOYCE'8

Treble Waterproof & F 3 Quality Percussion Caps, Chemically-prepared Cloth and

Felt Gun Wadding. Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges,

For Pin-fire and Central-fire Breechloading Guns. Wire-Cartridges for killing Game at long distances.

And every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all Gunmakers and Dealers in Gunpowder.

FREDERICK JOYCE & Co...

Patentees and Manufacturers. 57, Upper Thames Street, London.

"Highest Award & Prize Medal Philadelphia Exhibition, 1876."

3 O'AKEY'S 於 WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

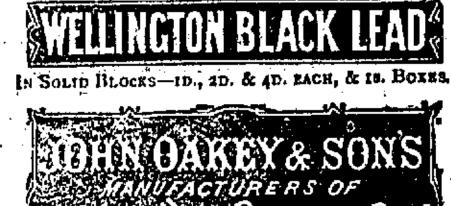
PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THE PATENT KNIPE-MACHINES, INDIA RUBBER AND BUFF LEATHER KNIEE BOARDS. KNIVES CONSTANTLY CLEANED WITH IT HAVE A BRILLIANT POLISH EQUAL TO NEW CUTLERY. PACKETS 3D. EACH; AND TIME, 6D., 1/-, 2/6 AND 4/- RACK

🖇 OAKEY'S 🖇

PREVENT PRICTION IN CLEANING AND INJURY TO THE ENIFE. OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISM SHOULD BE USED WITH HIS BOARDS. SOAKEYS &

INON-MERCURIAL],
FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING SILVER, ELECTRO-PLATE, PLATE GLASS, &c. TABLETS 6D. BACK.

⇒ OAKEY'S 告



ANUFACTURERS OF CESTMINSTER BRIDGE ROAD. LONDON, ENCLAND.

17my80

WASHING BOOKS.

(In English and Chinese.) TAYASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use of Ladies and Gentlemen, are now ready at this Office. - Price, \$1 each. CRINA MAIL Office.



THE GREATEST

WONDER OF MODERN TIMES! HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Long experience has proved these famous remedies to be most effectual in curing either the dangerous maladies or the slighter complaints which are more particularly in-cidental to the life of a miner, or to those living in the

Occasional doses of these Pills will guard the system against those evils which so often beset the human race, v.z:—coughs, colds, and all disorders of the liver and stomach—the frequent forerunners of fever, dysentery, diarrhoza, and cholera.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

is the most effectual remedy for old sores, wounds, ulcers, rheumatism, and all skin diseases; in fact, when used according to the printed directions, it never fails to These Medicines may be obtained from all respectable Druggists and Store-keepers throughout the civilised world, with directions for use in almost every language. They are prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Holloway, 533, Oxford Street, London.

* Beware of counterfeits that may emanate from the 20ap78

THE CHINESE MAIL

TERMS OF .D ERTISING IN THE Chinese Mail.

FTWO cents a character for the first 100 characters, and one cent a character beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and of Constitutional and Climatic Debility, as half price for repetitions during the first week. Bubsequent weeks' insertions will be charged only one half the amount of the first week's charge. Advertisements for half a year and longer will be allowed a deduction of 25 percent on the total amount. and contracts for more favourable terms

can be made. Efforts have been made to establish effects. Agents for circulating the Chinese Mail in all the ports and in the interior of China, all the ports in Japan, in Salgon, Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the Phillippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru and other places which Chinese frequent. When the list of Agencies is completed. H will be published. Agents have been already established in most of the above places, and in important ports more than one agent has been appointed at each. Longhoog, February 28, 1874.

intimations.

DIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMERY. Iblang-thlang, Jockey Club, and other pariumes, Toilet Vivegar of world-wide c lebrity, Toilet Water, Lavender Water, Florida Water, Eau de Cologue, Lime Juice and Glycerine for the Hair, Glycerine, Honey, Windsor, and other Tellet Scaps, Violet and Rice powder, Aquadentine for the Teeth, Aromatic Ozonizer, a Natural Air Purifier, &c., Sold by all Perfumers and Chemists.

Registered trade mark—an Heraldic Rose. 96, Strand, 128, Rege t Street, and 24, Cornbill, London, 17, Boulevard des Italiens, Paris.

31my79

Dysentery, Cholera, Fever, Ague, Coughs, Colds, &c.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

CHLORODYNE (Ex Army Med. Staff) IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

CAUTION .- Vice-Chancellor Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne, that the story or the Defendant, Freeman, being the Inventor was deliberately untrue; which he regretted had been sworn to. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's. See Times, July 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned

against using any other than DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION. This invaluable remedy produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thou-

sands of persons testify to its marvellous good effects and wonderful cures, while medical men extol its virtues most exten-CHLORODYNE is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable

remedy ever discovered. CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for coughs, consumption, bronchitis, asthma. CHLOBODYNE effectually checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases-

diphtheria, fever, croup, ague. CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in diarrhoes, and is the only specific in cholera

and dysentery. CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of epilepsy, hysteria, palpitations aud spasms. CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in

neuralgia, rheumatism, gout, cancer, toothache, meningitis, &c. EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS.

The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.-See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864.

From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay :- "Chlorodyne is a most valuable remedy in Neuralgia, Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health, after eighteen months' severe suffering, and when other remedies had failed."

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India, reports (December 1865) that in nearly every case of Cholera in which Dr. J. Collis BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE was administered, the patient recovered.

Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholers. -"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

See leading article, Pharmaceutical Journal. August 1, 1869, which states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the inventor of Chlorodyne; that it is always right to use his preparation when Chlorodyne is ordered. CAUTION.—None genuine without the

words "Dr. J. Coulis Brownf" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medica testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole Manufacturer—

J. T. DAVENPORT. 88. Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. Sold in bottles at 1s. 11d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d. and lis.



THE WEAK MADE STRONG BA

NEWMAN'S EXTRACT OF MALT. Prepared from the finest Kentish Malt, being non-fermented and free from Spirit, as certified by Dr. Hassall and other Analytical Chemists.

It is strongly recommended by the faculty, and extensively used in the principal Hospitals, and is particularly valuable in all cases well as being a most agreeable and efficient substitute for Cod Liver Cil. It is also very strongly recommended to be taken instead of Wine or Beer between meals, as it imparts immediate atrength, assists digestion, and produces appetite, and it may be freely taken by total abstainers without any misgivings as to its exciting or intoxicating

DIRECTIONS.—A Wine-glassful twice or three times a day. The Extract should be kept lying down in a cool place.

Copies of the Original Testimonials from Physicians and the Public can be forwarded upon application to the Manufacturer. Sold by all Chemists, and by the Manufacturer, O. H. NEWMAN, Dagmar House,

East Margate. Local Agents: Messrs. A. S. Warson & Co., Hongkong,

Intimations.

SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY

HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION. DINNEFORDS FLUID MAGNESIA

CHILDREN AND INFANTS AND FOR REGULAR USE OF THE STOMACH HEARTBURN, IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists

MAGNESIA.

And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout London,

ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents-A. S. WATSON & Co., Hongkong.

, SA DE EMULSION

MODRES TOOD IN CONSUMPTION WASTING DISEASES

ROYAL NURSERIES. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE, CONTAINS The HIGHEST AMOUNT of NOURISHMENT in the

SUPPLIED TO THE

Datura Tatula Inhalations Testimonials accompanying each box of Cigarettes, Cigars and Pastilles. Tins, in the economical

averted by

IMPROVES THE APPETITE Increases Strength and form of tobacco, and also in powder MOST CONVENIENT FORM. _ Woight. for burning, from 2s. 6d. to 21s. Bottles 2s. 61., 4s. 61, and 5s. In Tine 1st, 2s., 5s. and 10s. 143, NEW BOND ST., LONDON, and of Chemists, &c., everywhere.

89, CANNON STREET, & HAMMERSMITH IRON WORKS, LONDON. MANUFACTURERS AND PATENTEES OF

"INVINCIBLE" CENTRIFUGAL EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MACHINE for COLONIAL USE. AND FOR RAISING WATER. WORKED BY STEAM POWER. PUMPS

PUMPS WORKED BY WATER POWER PUMPS WORKED BY WIND POWER. PUMPS WORKED BY CATTLE POWER PUMPS WORKED BY HAND POWER.

WATER WHEELS, HYDRAULIC RAMS. &c. TURBINE FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

Catalogues can be obtained on application to the Office of this Journal. 1m:79

In consequence of spurious imitations of

AND PERRINS' SAUCE, which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have adopted A NEW LABEL, bearing their Signature,

which is placed on every bottle of WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and without which none is genuine. Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &-.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

14:le78

INDIGESTION.

TRADE



MARK.

CAMOMILE PILLS are confidently recommended as a simple Remedy for Indigestion, which is the cause of nearly all the diseases to which we are subject, being a medicine so uniformly grateful and beneficial, that it is with justice called the "Natural Strengthener of the Human Stomach." "Norton's Pills" act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation, safe under any circumstances, and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits to be derived from their use, as they have been a never-failing Family Friend for upwards of 45 years. Sold in Bottles at 18. 11d., 28. 9d., and 11s. each, by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

CAUTION. Be sure and ask for "NORTON'S PILLS," and do not be persuaded to purchase an imitation.

BENSON,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER

TO THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY, And by Special Appointments to

THE II. R. H. PRINCE OF WALES, H. I. M. THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA, THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN,

AND TO SEVERAL INDIAN PRINCES. MEDALS-LONDON, DUBLIN,

BENSON'S BENSON'S

BENSON'S CLOCKS-for Churches, Turrets, Gold Jewellery, of the richest WATCHES, of every Description, or Public Buildings, Dining or and most exquisite designs, with suitable for all climates, from £2 Drawing Room, Library, Carri-Monograms, Crests, and Devices, to 200 guineas. Chronographs, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per-Enamelied in Colours, after De-petual Calendars, Wind Dials, &c. signs by the most accomplished Chronometers, Keyless Levers, ARTISTIC ENGLISH CLOCKS, Artists in the Precious Metals;

Presentation, Repeaters, Railway decorated with Wedgwood and Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, other wares, designed to suit Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of Guards', Soldiers', and Work-any style of furniture; also as bijouterie as supplied to Memmen's Watches of Extra Strength. novelties for Presents. Made bers of the Court, and other solely by BENSON. From £5 5s. Distinguished Personages. Merchants, Shippers, and Wholesale Buyers are specially invited, before sending

their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogues of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery, bilver, and Electro-pla e, which are sent post free. as not only are the discounts liberal, but a selection can be made from the largest stock in the world.

Orders should be sent direct to the Manufactory, Ludgate Hill. BENSON'S PAMPHLETS ON TURRET CLOCKS, WATCHES, CLCCKS, PLATE, and JEWELLER sent Post Free. Watches sent safe by Post to all parts of the World.

> Steam Factory and City Show Rooms-HILL, LONDON. West-End Establishment-

> > Established 1749.

OLD BOND STREET.

Intimations.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES,

and all other insects are destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT POWDER. which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals.

In exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application.

Ask for and be sure to obtain "KEA-TING'S POWDER," as Imitations are Noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists in small bottles

1/- & 2/6 each.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS, A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for Intestinal or THREAD Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children.

TESTIMONIAL. Mr. KEATING, Medical Hall, Gildersome, Nov. 28th, 1876 Dear Sir, I think it nothing but my

duty to inform you of the immense sale I have for your Worm Tablets, which I may justly say is enormous, and in every case gives the greatest satisfaction. I have now in stock two bottles containing the Round are made to present a resume in each Worms brought me during the last few days by customers, one Worm 40 yards long. I dare not be without the remedy. -Yours respectfully,

M. A. WALKER. Sold in Bottles, by all Chemists and Druggists.

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London. REWARD AND CAUTION .- Whereas fraudknowing of the vendor of the same to communicate with me; on conviction of the offender a liberal reward will be paid.

PERFUMERY.

J. & E. Atkinson's ESS; WHITE ROSE-WOOD VIOLET

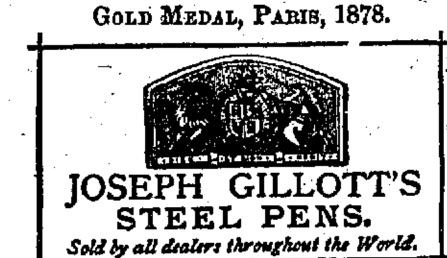
-and STEPHANOTIS; GOLD MEDAL EAU DE COLOGNE -LAVENDER WATER.

PRIZE MEDAL-LONDON, PARIS, VIENNA, CORDOVA, LIMA, PHILADELPHIA. Paris 1878, only Gold Medal for anglish

Sold by all first-class dealers throughout the World. J. & E. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond-street, London. The genuine guaranteed by TRADE MARK

—"A White Rose on a Golden Lyre."

24may79



Mr. Andrew Wind,

NEWS AGENT, &c.

138, NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK: is authorized to receive Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., for the China Mail Overland China Mail, and China Review.

PRICE \$6.

THE TREATY PORTS China and Japan,

THOSE COUNTRIES, TOGETHER WITH PE-KING, "YEDO, HONGKONG AND MACAO. FORMING A GUIDE BOOK & VADE ME-CUM FOR TRAVELLERS, MERCHANTS,

AND RESIDENTS IN GENERAL. vo. pp. 618. With 29 MAPS and PLANS WM. F. MAYERS, N. B. DENNYS, and

CHAS. KING. COMPILED AND EDITED BY N. B. DENNYS, Ph.D.

LONDON: N. TRUBNER & Co. Hongkong: China Mail Office. Price, \$6, leather half bound.

The scope of this work includes detailed descriptions of important Sites and Monu-MENTS, notes on the CLIMATE and general TOPOGRAPHY, FAUNA, FLORA, GEOLOGY and Meteorology of each Port and its issued under purely native direction. The neighbourhood, with HISTORICAL NOTICES editorial department is conducted by and minute details respecting the rise and Mr Chun Ayin, whose experience and progress and social characteristics of the competence have already been most fully saveral foreign settlements. To these par- demonstrated. The chief support of the ticulars are added summaries and statistics of paper is of course derived from the native the TRADE of each open Port, compiled from community, amongst whom also are to be official returns, together with statements found the guaranters and securities. respecting Coinage, Currency, and Ex- necessary to place it on a business and CHANGES, LINES OF STEAM COMMUNICATION, legal footing. DISTANCES, and rates of PASSAGE Money. Hints, and recommendations to travellers. giving full particulars of OUTFIT and mode of proceeding to the less frequented settlements are also included, combined with notes on Domestic Markets and Mode of living.

In addition to furnishing similar particulars, the Section devoted to Hongkong contains an historical aketch forming a chronological index of the chief events which occupied public attention between 1841 and 1865, including POLITICAL EVENTS. Changes in the GOVERNMENT SERVICE. the passing of important Ondinances, the APRIVAL and DEPARTURE-OF EMINENT RESIDENTS, a record of the most notable PIRACIES, ROBBERIES, MURDERS, FRAUDS, FIRES and Criminal TRIALS. ADDRESSES and PRESENTATIONS, &c., &c.

The appendix contains full tables of the various steam companies lines. It also includes a CATALOGUE of over \$40 works published in the English language upon China and Japan, while a copious Impax at the end of the work affords a ready means of reference to the reader,

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

THE widely-expressed regret at the discontinuance of Notes & Queries on China and Japan, has induced the publish. ers of this journal to issue a publication similar in object and style, but slightly modified in certain details.

THE CHINA REVIEW, or Notes and Queries on the Far East, is issued at intervals of two months, each number containing about 60 octavo pages, occasionally illustrated with lithographs, photographs, woodcuts, &c., should the papers published demand, and the circulation justify, such

The subscription is fixed at \$6.50 postage paid, per annum, payable by non-residerats in Hongkong half-yearly in advance.

The publication includes papers origin. 1 and selected upon the Arts and Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History. Literature, Mythology, Manners and Cus, toms, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, the Eastern Archipelego and the "Far East" generally. A more detailed list of subjects upon which contributions are especially invited is incorporated with each number, Original contributions in Chinese, Latins French, German, Spanish, Italian or Portuguese, are admissible. Endeavour. number of the contents of the most recent works bearing on Chinese matters. Great attention is also paid to the Review

department. Notes and Replies are classified together as "Notes" (head references being given, when furnished, to previous Notes or Queries), as are also those queries which, though asking for information, furnish new or unpublished details concerning the matulen imitations of this unsurpassed remedy | ter in hand. It is desirable to make the have been sold, I hereby request any ne Queries proper as brief and as much to the point as possible. "

The China Review for July and August, 1875, is at hand. It says that forty-two essays were sent in to compete for the best paper on the advantages of Christianity for the development of a State. All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly. and enterprising Review. It is a sixty paged, bi monthly, repertory of what scholars are ascertaining about China. The lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is alone worth the price of the leview. Address China Review, Hongkong. - Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.)

Trubner's Oriental Record contains the fol-

lowing notice of the China Review:-"This is the title of a publication, the first number of which has lately reached us from Hongkong, where it has been set on foot as in some respects a continuation of Notes and Queries on Uhina and Japan, the extinction of which useful serial a year or two ago has been much regretted in Europe as well as in China. The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the Calcutta Review. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Uhinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Keview by papers highly creditable to their respective authors. In a paper on Dr. Legge's She King, by the Rev. E. J. Eitel, to which the place of honour is deservedly given, an excellent summary is presented of the chronological problems and arguments involved in connexion with this important work. Some translations from Cuinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and fresumess of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bowra, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and COMPLETE GUIDE TO THE OPEN PORTS OF the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, it carried out with punctuality and detail, we are giad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to and a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the held, and that the China Review may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance. The publication is intended to appear every two months, and will

form a substantial octavo magazine, THE CHINESE MAIL.

This paper is now issued every day. The subscription is fixed at Four Lollars per annum delivered in Hongkong, or Seven Dollars Fifty Cents including postage to Coast ports.

It is the first Chinese Newspaper ever

The projectors, basing their estimates upon the most reliable information from the various Ports in China and Japan,from Australia, California, Singapore. Penang, Saigon, and other places frequented

by the Chinese, - consider themselves justified in guaranteeing an ultimate circulation of between 3,000 and 4,000 copies. The advantages offered to advertisers are therefore unusually great, and the foreign community generally will find it to their interest to avail themselves of

The field open to a paper of this description-conducted by native efforts, but progressive and anti-obstructive in tonein almost limitless. It on the one hand commands Chinase belief and interest while on the other deserves every aid that can be given to it by foreigners. Like English jor mals it contains Editorials with Local, Shipping, and Commercial News and Advertisements.

Subscription orders for either of the above may be sent to GEO. MURRAY BAIN.

Escapion to Consignees

CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE. HE S. S. Braemar Castle, THOMSON,

Commander, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that the Goods are being landed, at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned at Wanchai, whence delivery may be obtained.

Consigness wishing to receive their Goods on the Wharf are at liberty to do so. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless notice to the contrary be given before

Noon To-DAY. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods gemaining after the 20th Instant will be

subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Agonits.

Hongkong, October 3, 1879.

SHIRE LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. Radnorshire, DAVIES, Commander, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that the Goods are being landed, at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned at Wanchai, whence delivery may be obtained.

Consignees wishing to receive their Goods on the Wharf are at liberty to do so. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless notice to the contrary be given before

Noon To-DAY. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining after the 20th Instant will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

Hongkong, October 13, 1879.

OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL S. S. COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by Steamship OCEANIC are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk in the Company's Godowns, at Wanchai, from whence delivery may be obtained, on countersignature of Bills of Lading.

Goods remaining unclaimed after the 25th Instant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. H. M. BLANCHARD,

Acting Agent. Hongkong, October 14, 1879.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

> S. S. A V A. NOTICE.

ONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. Euphrate, from London, in connec tion with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their. Goods are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consigness, before 11 a.m. To-Morrow, the 16th Inst., requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after WED-NESDAY, the 22nd Inst., at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Hongkong, October 15, 1879.

FROM LONDON AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. Gleneagles having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goodswith the exception of Opium-are being landed at their risk into the Godowne of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 4 p.m To-day. Cargo remaining undelivered after the

24th Instant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, October 17, 1879.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

BRITISH BARQUE HARRINGTON, FROM ANTWERP.

MONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above Vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their-Goods. Cargo impeding the discharge of the

Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents. Hongkong, October 7, 1879.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "NIIGATA MARU," FROM KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above Vessel are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature. and take immediate delivery of their Goods

from alongside. Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after Tuesday, the 14th Instant, will be landed and stored at Consignees' expense and risk.

MITSU BISHI MAIL S. S. Co., 8, Queen's Road Central. Hongkong, October 13, 1879,

Intimations.

NEWS FOR HOME.

The Overland China Mail.

(The oldest Overland Paper in Okina.) PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closely printed matter.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from. the Daily China Mail, is published twice a month on the morning of the English Mail's departure, and is a record of each fortnight's current history of events in China and Japan, contributed in original reports and collated from the journals published at the various ports in those Countries.

It contains Shipping news from Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete Commercial Summary.

Subscription, 50 cents per Copy (postage paid 56 cents.) \$12 per annum (postage paid \$13.50.) Orders should be sent to GEO. MURRAY

BAIN, China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street, not later than the evening before the departure of the English Mail Steamer. Terms of Advertising, same as in Daily China Mail.

NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail, 学日報 (Wah Tsze Yat Po), CEASED from the 1st August, 1877.

CHUN AYIN. Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE.

IN Reference to the above, the Under-. signed has LEASED the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged the services of Mr Leong Yook Chun, as Translator and General Manager of the newspaper, which under its new regime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole attention to the conduct of the Newspaper. KONG CHIM,

Lessee of the Hongkong Chinese Mail. Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

Not Responsible for Debts.

either the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Creu of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:-

ALEXANDER YEATS, Canadian ship, Capt. J. W. Dunham, -P. & O. S. N. Co. WM. H. DEITZ, American barkentine,

Capt. Endicott.—Chong Woo. H. UPMANN, German barque, Captain H.-G. Weber.—Eduard Schellhass & Co. BEETHOVEN, German barque, Captain

Haje.—Melchers & Co. Gibbs.—Captain.

To-days Advertisements.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ANE, CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, in their Sales Rooms, Praya, on

MONDAY,

the 20th October, 1879, at Noon,— (For account of the concerned,)

Ex S. S. " Orestes." 17 Bags COFFEE. (More or less damaged.) TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery

in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. Hongkong, Oct. 18, 1879.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

GENERAL WEEKLY SALE.

THE Undersigned will sell by Public

Auction, on

TUESDAY, the 21st October, at Noon, at his Auction Sales Rooms, Peddar's Wharf,—

4 cases Assorted Cream Laid Envelopes.

2 cases Cream Laid Note Paper. 1 case Chintz Alhambra Quilts. 8 bales Scarlet Blankets, assorted weights.

5 bales Green Blankets, 7-lbs. 1 case All Wool Fancy Striped Flan-

50 pieces English Bunting, assorted

1 case 200 doz. Huckaback Towels. Socks, Wool Scarves, Mitts, Undershirts, Tweeds, Cloth, Meltons.

5 cases English Hams in tin-lined Cases. 27 cases Champagne.

45 cases Cognac Brandy. 25 cases Kinahan's LL Whisky. Morton's Oilman's Stores, Borden's Milk, Preserved Lobsters, Pie Fruits

and Table Fruits in tins. 40 bags White California Beans (fresh). 15 cases Sardines. 10 cases Glassware. 1 case Well-Assorted TOYS.

Revolvers, Pin and Central Fire, with Jartridges. 50 drums Hubbuck's Pale Boiled Linseed Oil.

15 coils Kussian Rope, 3 stranded. 50 boxes Candles. And a Variety of Other GOODS.

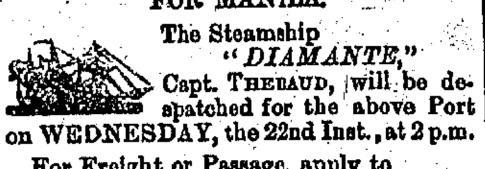
Also, 3 cases Anyline DYES. (More or less sea-damaged.) TERMS.—Cash on delivery.

Auctioneer. Hongkong, Oct. 18, 1879.

G. R. LAMMERT,

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR MANILA.



For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, October 18, 1879.

FOR HOIHOW AND PAKHOL

The Steamship " HAÏNAN," Captain Conner, will have immediate despatch for the above Forts.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Bongkong, October 18, 1879.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 18, Carisbrooke, British steamer, 960, H. Wharton, Singapore Oct. 11, General.-Bun Hin Chan.

Oct. 18. Diamante. British steamer, 514, E. Thebaud, Amoy Oct. 16, and Swatow 17, General.—Russell & Co.

Oct. 18, Butuan, Spanish steamer, 338, Juan de Ajubita, Manila Oct. 14, General. -Russell & Co. Oct. 18, Lizzie, British 3-m. schooner,

223, S. Hellon, Amoy Oct. 14, Ballant.-CAPTAIN. Oct. 18, Yottung, British steamer, 386, D. McDougall, Swatow Oct. 17, General.-

KWOK ACHEONG: Oct. 18, Kashgar, British steamer, 1315 E. T. Baker, Bombay Sept. 30, Galle Oct. 5, Penang 9, and Singapore 12, Mails and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 18, Atholl, for Swatow. 18, Christian, for Saigon. 18, Penedo, for Saigon. 18, Johann Smidt, for Bangkok.

18, Ava, for Shanghai. 18, Volga, for Yokohama. 18, Fuyew, for Shanghai. 18, Tigre, for Marseilles, &c.

CLEARED.

18, Niigata Maru, for Kobe, &c.

Kalaja, for London. Kirkland, for Whampon. Gleneagles, for Yokohama, &c. Carisbrooke, for Swatow & Amoy. Charlton, for Bangkok. Epsilon, for Canton Theta, for Canton. Kinngchow, for Holhow. Adolph, for Cebu.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived. Per Kashgar, for Hongkong: from The following hours are observed in closing SOUTHERN CROSS, American ship, Capt. Glenelg, Mr A. W. Bain; from Southampton, Dpty. Sur. Gen. W. A. Mackinnon, C.B., Dpty. Com. E. C. Vansittart, and 2nd Lieut. A. M. Goodrich; from Penang, 14 Chinese, and 2 Chinese for Amoy; from Singapore, 45 Chinese.—For Yokohama: from Southampton, Mrs Thomas, 3 children and European female servant. -For Shanghai: from Bombay, Mr J. Fowler; from

Venice, Mr C. von Henneken. Per Carisbrooke, from Singapore, Mesara Mackintosh, Lamon, and 60 Chinese.

Per Diamante, from Amoy and Swatow, 380 Chinese. Per Butuan, from Manila, 1 Cabin.

Per Yottung, from Swatow, 210 Chinese DEPARTED. Per Tigre, for Salgon, Messrs Rover and Delmont; for Singapore, Mr G. E. Michell,

and 2 Chinese; for Marseilles, Mr and Mrs Frater, and Capt. J. Aschoft -- From Shanghai: for Suez, Mr M. Robins; for Marseilles, Messrs H. B. Morse, and Em.

Per Ava, for Shanghai : from Hongkong, Dr. Von der Horck, Messes M. Pacheco, Z. Just, W. P. Mein, T. Erdmann, and 2 Chinese deck; from Marseilles, Messrs Russell, Sauret, Maire, and Talon.

Per Volga, for Yokohama: from Hongkong, Mr. Mrs and Miss Jeffray; from Marseilles, Messrs Dixon, Merian, and

Per Atholl, for Swatow, 185 Chinese. Per Fuyew, for Shanghai, 50 Chinese.

- SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British steamer Diamante reports Had strong N.E. monsoon throughout. The British steamer Yottung reports: Fine weather with moderate N.E. winds. The British steamer Kashgar reports Fine weather to 16th, then N.E. wind with very high sea and sudden squalls with thick

CARGO. Per S. S. Tigre, sailed 18th October, 1879:-For Continent, 2,453 bales Silk, 179 bales Waste Silk, 86 bales Cocoons, 10 bales Filature, 16 cases Silks, 80 cases Silk Worms' Eggs, 40 cases Essential Oil 742 pkgs. Sundries, and 13 cases Treasure (Tls. 88,300).—For London, 1,187 bales Silk, 9 cases Silks, 4,405 half-chests Tea, 5,538 boxes Tea, 450 pkgs. Tea, 14 cases Aniseed Oil, 151 cases Essential Oll, and 41 pkgs. Sundries.

POST OFFICE NOTICES. MAILS will close:-

For SWATOW AND AMOY .- . Per Carisbrooks, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the 19th inst. For YOKOHAMA.--

inst. Registry ceases at IL 15 s.m. Mail closes at 11.30 a.m. Paid Correspondence may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Packet. For SHANGHAL. Per S. S. Kashgar, on Monday, the 20th inst. Registry ceases at 10.45 a.m.

Mail closes at 11 a.m. Late Letters

received from 11.10 to 11.30 with 18

cents Late Fee. Paid Correspondence

Per S. S. China, on Monday, the 20th

may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Packet. For NEW YORK. --Per barque Adelaide Norrie, at 8 p.m., on Monday, the 20th inst.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close:or SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW .-Per Kwangtung, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the 20th inst., instead of as pre-

For MANILA.-

For BANGKOK .--Per Danube, at 5 p.m., on Wednesday,

the 22nd inst. For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, ADEN, SUEZ, AND LONDON .-

Per Oceanic, at 11.30 a.m., on Thursday,

the 23rd inst. For PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, &c.-Per Ocean, at 3.30 p.m., on Thursday, the 30th inst., instead of as previously notified. (12 cent rates.)

MAIL BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET. The United States Mail Packet Guelic, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd Oct., with Mails for Japan, San Francisco the United States, Canada, Honolulu, Peru, &c. will be closed as -follows :-

2.15 P.M. Registry ceases.

2.30 P.M. Post-Office closes, but Letters (except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with every Sunday, at half-past ten A.M., Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage until the time of departure.

Correspondence for Non-Union West Indles (except the Bahamas and Hayti), Monte Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay cannot be sent by this route.

Hongkong, Sept. 29, 1879.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET .-The British Contract Packet Ancona will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 25th October, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe vid Brindisi or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt,

Malta, and Gibraltar. N.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Colonies, E. or S. Africa, nor for Mauritius.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.-The French Contract Packet Yangtsé will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 1st November, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Naples; to Salgon, Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, India (vià Madras), Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Aden, Seychelles, Réunion, Mauritius, Suez, and Alexandria. This is the best opportunity for forwarding Correspondence to E. Africa, the Cape,

St. Helena, and Ascension. The usual hours will be observed in closing the Mails, &c.

HOURS OF CLOSING THE CONTRACT MAILS.

Malls, &c., by both the British and French Contract Packets:-Day before departure,-5 P.M. - Money Order Office closes; Post Office closes except the Night Box, which remains open all night.

Day of departure,-7 A.M. -Post Office opens. 10 a.m.—Registry of Letters ceases. Posting of all printed matter and patterns ceases.

11 A.M. - Mails closed, except for Late Letters. 11.10 A.M.—Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 18 cents until 11.30 A.M. - when the Post Office CLOSES

entirely. 11.40 A.M.—Late Letters may be posted on Loard the packet with Late Fee of 18 cents until time of departure.

Quotations.

Hongkong, October 18. OPIUM.—New Patna, cash....\$555 a 560 Old ,, cash,... 530 New Benaves, cash, 5121 cash, ---New Malwa, credit, 720 Taels. ---Allowance Old Malwa, credit, 720 a 750 Taels, --Allowance

Exchange. Bank, Wire,... Demand, 3/8½ 30 days' sight, ... 3/8; 4 months' sight, ... Oredits, 4 Documentary, 4 months sight, 3/92 India, Wire,... demand, Shanghai, demand, 721 80 days' sight, ... 73\f Gold Leaf, 991 fine Sovereigns,

Shares.

Hongkong Bank, 57 % prem., sellers.

Union Ins. Society of C'ton, \$1,350. China Traders' Ins. Co., \$1,350. sellers. North China Ins. Co., Tis. 1,125, buyers. Yangtaze Ins. Assoc., Tls. 725, buyers. Chinese Insurance Co., \$300, sellers. H.K. Fire Ins. Co., \$785, sales. China Fire Ins. Co., \$200, sales. H.K. & W. Dock Co., 14 % prem. H.K. C. M. S.-boat Co., \$10 prem, sellers. Shanghai Steam Navigation, Tls. 11 China Coast St. Nav. Co., Tls. 87 Hongkong Gas Co., \$70 Hongkong Hotel Co., \$65 China Sugar Refining Co., \$165, sellers. Chirese Imperial Loan of 1874, nominal. of 1877,

Temperature.

Taken at Messrs Falconer & Co.'s Premises.) Queen's Road.) Hongkong, October 18. BAROMETER- 9 A.M ... 30.234 30.176 1 P.M... 4 P.M. ... THERMOMETER-9 A.M.... 1 P.M 4 P.K. ... (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. 1 P.M. Do. Do.

Do. Maximum ...

Do. Minimum over night

MEYOS. FOR TO-MORROW. Shipping.

Daylight.-Gleneagles leaves for Yoko hama, &c.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES:-

Military Service.—Rev. J. Henderson, Morning Prayer, &c. Holy Communion

UNION CHURCH.—Morning Service, at 11 A.M., Afternoon, 6 P.M.-Divine Service in Chinese, 2-3 P.M. every Sunday, with communion on first Sunday of every month,

month at 11 A.M.

Prayer:-Litany, Ante-Communion, and Sermon, at 11 A.M. Bible Class, at 3 P.M. Preaching, at 6.30 P.M. Holy Communion, 1st Sunday in Chinese month. BERLIN FOUNDLING HOUSE. -- Service in the German language, by Pastor F. Klitzke, Court Martial to which we have already

St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road. In the morning, Mass at 8 o'clock.

Noon.-Auction of Coffee at Messrs Lane, Crawford & Co's Sales Rooms.

Shipping. Goods per Braemar Castle undelivered after this date subject to rent. Goods per Radnorshire undelivered after this date subject to rent.

General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, October 21:-Daylight.—Kwangtung leaves for Coast

R. Lammert, at his Sales Rooms. 3 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of Canton Insurance Office, at No. 7, Queen's Road. WEDNESDAY, October 22 :--

Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco. Goods per Ava undelivered after Noon, subject to rent and landing charges.

Noon. -Oceanic leaves for London. FRIDAY. October 24 :-Goods per Gleneagles undelivered after this date subject to rent.

THURSDAY, October 28:-

Goods per Oceanic undelivered after this date subject to rent. MONDAY, October 27:-3 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of the Union Insurance Society of Canton,

THURSDAY, October 30:-4 p.m. -Ocean leaves for Port Darwin, Cooktown, &c.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSAR

A. S. WATSON & Co., Family & dispensing chemist

HITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT

MANUFACTURERS Soda Water, Lamonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters.

The Manufactory is under direct and

MEDICINES.

Hongkong, June 1, 1876. MARRIAGE. At San Francisco, Sept. 2nd. at Grace General, Peking (formerly of H. B. M.'s

Esq., San Francisco. The publication of this issue commerced

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 1879. LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE steamers Butuan and Diamante go to

H.M.S. Egeria will leave here on Monday

THE Criminal Sessions fixed for to-day were formally opened at ten o'clock and adjourned till Monday.

Ir is only fair to state that the serious charges officially brought against certain officers by Colonel Mosby, and commented upon by the Washington Post (as will be seen elsewhere), are now being investigated: by the proper authorities, and that, so far as we know, no defence has yet been made by the gentlemen accused.

A nowing match came off this evening at 5 o'clock, between a crew belonging to the Garrison and one from the Victor Emanuel. The course was from Kellett's Island to the Commodore's Flagship, distance one mile. The Naval boat was a 5-cared whaler, and the Military boat a 6-oared gig; the latter allowing their opponents 10 secs. for the extra oar. A good start was made, and after a pretty race, the Garrison crew won by 4 secs. There was a large gathering of spectators and the race was watched with interest from numerous private boats. The victorious crew were cheered lustily.

SUB-LIEUT. S. Rawson, navigating officer of the Foxhound, tried before the Naval referred, for negligently or by default stranding H.M.'s gunboat Foxhound on a shoal in the Gulf of Suez, has also been severely reprimanded and admonished to be more careful in future. The Court likewise found that the stranding was also to be attributed to the carelessness of Sub-Lieut. MacPherson. [This item was inadvertently omitted from last night's paper.]

It is interesting to note that the prejudices of the higher classes are beginning to give way before the results of Western medical science. The attention recently paid to a lady doctor by H.E. Li Hung Chang was a favourable instance of this movement. We find a similar illustration in the fact that medical advice has been telegraphed for from a high official in Tokio, Japan, who has suffered lately from a disease of the eye, and has lost his sight thereby. The Doctor sent for (Dr van der Horck) has for 3 p.m.—Occidental & Orlental S. S. Co.'s | a long time made the eye his especial study, took the Medical Faculty prize of Berlin for a work written on the subject, and holds other high honours from that city. Such appreciation of foreign medical skill angurs well for the steady if gradual advance of Japan and China in matters scientific.

THE lottery mania in Mandalay has reached its culminating point. A correspondent from Mandalay writes to the Rangoon

Gazette:---Just fancy parents are selling their daughters to any one for four and five rupees to enable them to buy tickets in the lotteries. This, in other words, means that a man for the sake of a ticket or two in one of the numerous lotteries in Mandalay will sell his own offspring into slavery, to be treated as a drudge, a wife or a concubine just as the character of her purchaser may prove to be It is a miserable outlook indeed for Upper and British Burma when such things are done openly and without interference, and that not far from the dwelling of "Her Majesty's Representa-

THE native papers report a shocking catastrophe as having occurred in Yamagata ken. the particulars of which may be summed up as follows: -On the evening of the 25th September about five o'clock, the Yamagata prison was observed to be in flames. Such a hold had the fire upon the building that it was unapproachable by firemen or any one else. There were eighty prisoners locked up, but the fierceness of the flames prevented their liberation, and the cries of the poor wretches, as the fire crept upon them, rose above the uproar and crackling of the flames. Out of the eighty twenty only were rescued, the remainder either having been burnt or made their escape in the confusion. Among those supposed to be burnt is Mutsu Munemitau, ex-President of the Gen Ro In who was condemned to imprisonment for five years. It is thought that the fire was the work of an incendiary.

TWO MEN FOUND DEAD.

_Japan Gazette.

INQUEST. An inquest was held this afternoon, on the bodies of two Chinese males, names unknown, before the Coroner, C. V. Creagh, Esq.; and the following jury; viz. Messra W. Detmers, E. A. Jorge, and L. F. Ba-

Dr. Wharry, who had examined the body. that of a Chinese male, about 70 years of age, poorly nourished, stated that the only mark of violence on it was the mark of a cord sunk into the flesh round the neck.

creation Ground this morning at 6 30; it was cold and stiff; a cord was twisted three times round the neck. There was a mark on a branch of the tree such as would have been made by a cord like this. This cord had broken at the part which went over the branch, which was 7 feet from the ground. Other police evidence was given corroborative of the above and formal evidence

On the inquest on the second body also Dr. Wharry gave evidence. It was that o, a Chinese male about 40 years of agel poorly nourished. There was an abrason on each thigh, and a number of marks is

viously notified. S. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL -The Right Reverend Bishop Burdon. Morning Ser-Per Diamante, at 1.80 p.m., on Wednes. vice 11, Evening 4.30. Boly Communion day, the 22nd inst. on the first Sunday in the month. officiating Military Chaplain. At 8 a.m.

on the second and fourth Sunday in the

-Rev. Dr. Chalmers. ST. PETER'S SEAMEN'S OHUBOH.—Rev. J. Henderson. Service at 5 P.M., every Sunday. Wednesday and Friday, at 11 A.M. All seats free. Morning Prayer and Communion on the First Sunday in each

ST. STEPHEN'S MISSION CHURCH.—Rev. Grundy, and Rev. Lo Sam Yuen. (All Services in Chinese.) Morning

the Chapel of the Berlin Foundling House, West Point.

MEMOS. FOR MONDAY.

Auction.

Noon.—General Weekly Sale by Mr G.

2 p.m.—Diamante leaves for Manila.

SATURDAY. October 25:-Noon.—English Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

at its Head Office, Hongkong.

Tuesday, November 4:— Auction of British barque Chocola.

Established A.D. 1841. 大藥房

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, 1MPORTERS DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, MURSERY REQUI-

continuous European Supervision. Cathedral, by the Rev. W. H. Platt, D.D. ROBERT EDWARD BREDON, Commissioner of Imperial Chinese Maritime Customs and Chief Secretary in the Inspectorate 97th Earl of Ulster's Regiment), to Liny VIRGINIA, daughter of Thomas C. Banks,

at 8.25 p.m. THE CHINA MAIL.

at 5 this evening.

next for Singapore.

the Cosmopolitan Dock.

JURORS summoned for the Criminal See sions are reminded that they have to be in attendance on Monday at 10 volock btor br

as to the removal of the body.

Death resulted from strangulation. An Indian constable deposed to finding the body under a tree in the Chinese Re-THE delivery of the English Mail was begun

> The inquest was remanded till 3 o'clock p m., on Monday next, the 20th inst, at the Mazistracy, to give an opportunity of the friends of deceased to identify the body. Notices in Chinese to be posted in the meantime.

made by fish. Death had resulted from

An Indian constable proved finding the body at 7 o'clock this morning at the Praya East on the beach on some rough stones, dressed in a jacket but no trouvers. The Chinese characters "Yut Yeung" were on the jacket. Inquirles had failed to discover deceased's relatives or anything about him. Notices had been posted describing the body so that it might be identified.

This inquest was also adjourned [till 8 p.m., on Monday next, the 20th instant, ta the Magistracy.

CRICKET.

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB v. OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.

This match was played to-day, and the batsmen of the Club so, successfully played the fast bowling of Butler and Greer that they were not disposed of until 153 runs were marked on the telegraph, a young and rising medium-paced bowler being instrumental in disposing of a couple, of most troublesome customers. Forbes and Dunman played well for their runs, but the Officers were lucky in getting rid of Munro and West, the latter being obliged to retire unhurt.

The Officers made in their innings, 50 runs for 7 wickets, a long day's outing affeeting their batting, and at gun fire the match was left drawn, apparently in favor of the Club.

HONGKONG CLUB. W. Hynes b. Butler,.....10 S. M. Munro c. Friend b. Butler,......12 . West retired...... H. De C. Forbes b. Friend,......54 H. E. Wodehouse b. Butler, A. K. Travers b. Butler,.... A. P. McEwen b. Friend,......10 W. H. F. Darby not out, 8 R. S. Digby run out, 1 ARMY AND NAVY. Lt. Friend c. and b. Hynes...... 5 Lt. Greer, 74th, c. and b. A. K. Travers, 10 S. E. Butler b. Hynes,..... 3

J. W. W. Wells, B.M., o Dunman, b. Travers, I.t. Young, 27th, b. Hynes,..... Dr. Bridges, A.M D., c. Digby b. A. K. Travers, J. C. Walcot, R.N., b. A. K. Travels,... 9 J. B. Mo dy, R.N., not out,...... 5 N. Clarke, O.S.D., not out;...... 7 Lt. Bennett, 27th, did not bat,..... Lt. Carter, B.N., did not bat,....

Byes, 2 Wides,..... 2 No Balls,.... Total 50 two said so.

RESIGNATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF MACAO.

VALEDICTORY PROCLAMATION BY THIS EXCELLENCY.

The following Proclamation was published this morning in Macao in the Portuguese

and Chinese languages:-Inhabitants of Macao, -His Majesty the King, having been pleased to recall me from my commission as Governor of this Province, has appointed as my successor the most excellent Colonel of the Army staff Filippe

Joaquim de Souza Quintella. It would be an act of civility on my part, if not a duty on my position, to wait here the arrival of my successor; but the delicate state of my health does not permit me to

The health officers are of opinion that my life will be jeopardised if I continue to reside in the Colony; it is consequently urgently necessary that I should leave by the very next steamer to Europe.

I deliver therefore in the hands of the Executive Council the government of this City, and, with entire confidence in that enlightened corporation, I assure you that public order and the dignity of this Colony will be maintained, and you may calmly wait the arrival of the new Governor. Inhabitants of Macao, - I bid you good-

bye with regret, and it pains me to leave this City which I heartily love.

I entertain the conviction that during the three years of my government I have always done my best for the welfare of this Province. What I have done, the facts wil prove and the future will show. If I have committed any mistake, it must be an error of judgment and not of my will.

I arrived here at a very critical period, and the province passed through many other crises not less critical. All this is now fortunately over, and, while thanking Providence, I sincerely wish the prosperity and advancement of Macao.

Inhabitants of Macao, I bid you again good-bye, and I assure you that I will never forget this city.

VISCONDE DE PAÇO D'ARCOS. Government House. Macao, 17th October, 1879.

Police Intelligence. (Before the Hon. C. B. Plunket).

Saturday, Oct. 18. CUTTING TREES.

Lai Apo, 31, and Ho Akun, 30, coolies, were charged with cutting trees on the Stanley Road, and were each fined \$2, or seven days' imprisonment with hard labour.

KIDNAPPING.

Wong Achoy, 27, a coolie, and Li Afung, 36, a married woman, accused of kidnapping a colld of 6 years of a c on the 13th ultimo. Court

CHARGE OF SELLING SPIRITS WITHOUT

The keeper of the International Cafe and Restaurant, Wellington Street, was summoned to day for selling spirits without a licence. After the syldence of a constable who had been supplied with brandy had

different parts of the body apparently been taken, defendant applied for a remand. His Worship remanded the case, till Wednesday next, the 22nd instant.

SUPREME COURT. IN ADMIRALTY.

(Before the Chief Justice Sir John Smale. and Capt. Thomsett, R.N., and Capt. McMurdo, Marine Surveyor, Nautical Assessors.) Saturday, Oct. 18.

DAMAGES FOR A JUNE BUN DOWN.

SIN KING LOY-Promovent C. RABEN-Impugnant.

Hon. J. Russell, Acting Queen's Advocate, instructed by Mr E. Sharp, appeared for the Promovent; Mr Hayllar, Q C., instructed by Messrs Brereton and Wotton, for the Impugnant.

This case was last before the Court on Monday and Wednesday. Mr Hayllar now called additional evi-

Capt. Raben, re-called said :- After the collision I turned and went on the starboard tack. I went to the south of the Lammas.

Yip Ayong, cook on board the Gustav:was asleep before the collision. I was woke up by a noise on deck. I went forward to the forecastle and saw a junk the bows. There was one or two other foreigners on the forecastle. I went outside on the same rope as the chief mate. I said, "Hand the children up quickly." two children and one grown-up man on board. I saw the chief mate help the people up. They were first in the fore part of the vessel. The two children I helped up I took to my cabin. The others afterwards came to the door of my cabin. The Captain told me to ask how many Chinese there were. They told me there were twelve persons, adults and children: The Captain told me to ask them if they wished to go back to their vessel. They said they were afraid to go back; they Byes,...... 5 thought their vessel would sink, and they wished to remain on board the barque and go to Hongkong. The Captain did not object. I had this conversation with the Chinese Captain; I said to him, "Did you not see the foreign ship?" He said "I did not. When I saw the foreign ship it was too close." I asked him how the collision occurred; he said when he saw the vessel he wished to get out of the way, but couldn't.

I gave the people food, biscuits and tea, a little after twelve o'clock. Between seven and eight o'clock, when we arrived in Hongkong, I gave them rice and pork, but they 6 did not take it; they had not the heart to eat. At eight o'clock they had biscuits and At twelve noon I again gave them biscuits and tea. They took a little. I did not say there was no rice on board. There was a great quantity on board, all fit for use as provisions.

Cross-examined by Mr Russell:—I do not know which one I was talking to; it was dark at night. They said they had to thank me for saving their lives. One or

go back to their boat, I do not recollect whether the boat was in sight or not. I did not see it. I told them the Captain wished to know if they wished to go on board the junk or go on shore. They said they did not wish to go to the junk. It was dark and I could not see the junk. It was five or six minutes after I heard the crash before I looked over the ship's side. I was awoke by voices crying save men. did not see any masts when I ran forward. I did not hear the crash of masts falling. I saw neither masts nor sails. There was no light. Both masts must have been broken over, or I should have seen them. There must have been masts before the collision, but there were none standing when I went to the bows of the vessel. I did did not know anything of a fire on the junk afterwards. I did not see any fire on the I went to sleep again about two

Wong Soo :-- I am a sampan man in this harbour, No. 224. I remember the Gustav coming here about 6 o'clock in the morning on the 22nd September last. I took the junk's crew to the second junk at little Kowloon. The Captain told me, on the third day, to go to little Kowloon and see | for. if the wreck was there. I saw the fishing people still on the second junk. I asked them about their junk. I asked one of the men, but it was dark and I do not know whether it was the Captain or not. I asked if they had got their junk or not. They said they had not.

Mr Hayllar then addressed the Court on behalf of the Impugnant. He said this, like most other cases of collision, was one replete with conflicting evidence. The whole case rested on the credibility of the witnesses of the two sides. He had to a great extent to leave himself in the hands | facts, of the assessors in dealing with the evidence, as a landsman necessarily was at a disadvantage dealing with nautical terms. It was clearly evident that when the junk was seen a collision was inevitable and the damage we shall claim against you. Captain's seamanship in such circumstances should not be criticised as in a calmer could not be adhered to in such straits. The Captain did the best he could, and he hoped that not the slightest negligence could be laid to his charge. So far as the managures to avoid a collision were concernednoblame could be attached to the cartain. With regard to the look out man he seemed to be a well educated and respectable man, and gave his evidence in an intelligible manner, and no doubt spoke the truth. The night was so dark that no object could be seen with the human eye, and he did not think that even with the glasses the junk could have been picked out sooner. Unless there was a light burning, or until she came out from the shadow of the land and sailed out into the open, the junk could not be seen. The question was, Did the junk people make a mistake in not putting up a light on such a dark night? His evidence showed there was no light. But if it was believed, as the junk people I swore, that there was a light, then the were committed for tried at the Supreme | question was whether it was not obscured by the mast or by the mainsail. There was the completest proof that nobody on board the barque saw any light. With regard to the law on the point, that these shipping junks are not bound by the law to carry lights, he remarked that fishing boats in England were under certain rules

which bound them to carry lamps or bear or

show some warning. It was only common

people was altogether worthless. The whole contended that they had shown themselves of the junk people's evidence as to what the witnesses of truth. They could not led up to the collision, as to how, when and have told such a consistent reasonable narforward manner, and he contended that his truth. evidence must be believed. The Court | The Objet Justice: The case is this .by his appearance and the way in which side or altogether perjury on the other. believe that he told the truth in the witness he remarked that it was not necessary box or that he came there prepared to tell for the junk to have lights at all and told a series of most deliberate false. Yet there was a lamp on the mast: the ship and go on board their own ship not. The man did not call out till very natural question-was, what did were 100 feet further away from it than be they wish to do? And as to denying was, had observed the junk. He quoted

disproved entirely on that point, and disproved on one point it was rendered worthless as a whole.

charge. In conclusion the learned Counsel

referred to the different statements made

in the witness box and to the sampan man

blame? Mr Hayllar: No, we say it was an inbave provided against it. Supposing the junk carried no light it was so. We do

not wish to put it on any higher ground. Hayllar's hand a letter addressed to the decide. improvents by the legal advisers of Capt. Raben, and suggested that he should explain it if he thought it desirable or necessary. We judge, said his Lordship, of the

unknown by the known. Mr Hayllar did not know he had anything to do with the letter. If his Lordship meant that the Captain's ruling of the follows:-law was to override his (Mr Hayllar's) then

The Chief Justice: No: but when a witness states that to be a fact which he in is a misstatement which tests his veracity. He contradicts himself. Mr Hayllar: But he says he gave no

auch instructions. His Lordship: I am bound to believe this. I am bound to say this of Mr Brea fact anything which he was not instructed

to state as a fact. That paragraph 2 is a plain assertion that damage was done to the Mr Hayllar: The damage done was found | ing. to be so trifling, a ring-bolt was a littletwisted or something of that sort, that it was not worth making any noise about. was at the same time quite possible that

would have been requisite. The Chief Justice: That is an assertion pregnant with the meaning that damage had been done, and that assertion is made

such damage had been done that this course

with what motive? The paragraph in question set forth that when the full amount of damage caused to the barque had been ascertained, proceedings would be taken to recover the same from the owners of the Loy Hop! the letter was written in answer to that from the solicitors for the master of the Loy Hop, noon. demanding the value of his junk sunk by

Mr Hayllar stated that all the paragraph in question amounted to was a notice that whatever damage had been done to the barque the junk would be held responsible

The Chief Justice: But it does more; It asserts that damage was done, and Captain Raben tells us here that no damage was

Mr Hayllar said that what Capt. Raben stated in the witness box of course overrode everything else. The correspondence was simply one solicitor playing against another. This paragraph was, he should say, an attempt to bluff the other player. was a game not entirely unknown in this Colony, and quite common elsewhere. The Chief Justice: What! to misstate

Mr Hayllar: If your Lordship chooses to put it in that very unpleasant way you may, but I say the paragraph simply means, If we find you have done the barque an should like to know how many clients ever see the letters their solicitors write for them. moment. The niceties of seamanship Captain Raben never saw this letter. The letter set forth in the first para: "We are instructed to reply to your letter of the date." He had simply put the matter in his solicitors' hand and left them to do the best they could with it. It was such a common case when two vessels came in collision that both were injured—indeed so extremely unusual when they were not—that any solicitor writing a letter on behalf of either would naturally put it in. Such para, as this he (Mr Hayllar) should, vertainly say simply means, - 'If any damage is done we shall hold you respon-

> The Chief Justice: If it had been put conditionally the case would have been entirely different. Mr Hayllar; I call it "bluffing." All solicitors do it.

The Chief Justice: Bluffing? Mr Hayllar: Yes, my Lord. It's a term in "Poker,"--Brag. To check your op-

His Lordship: If a client instructs his solicitor to write to the other side "black white," It is the solicitor's duty to do so. am instructed to inform you that black is white." But he must he instructed and must let that fact appear.

letter as his Lordship read it. And

could judge of the man's trustworthiness that it is altogether perjury on the one he gave his evidence. They must either | Mr Russell did not say so. Continuing.

hoods. With regard to the slur that had there was a large fire at which food been cast on the humanity of those in was being cooked; there must have been command of the Gustav, it was proved a glare from it. These warnings must beyond a doubt that there was not the have been seen had there been a proper slightest attempt made to get them to leave look out on the barque. There was again. All that was said-and it was a lafter the Captain and the Pilot, who

hem food there were, it was proved, authorities to show that those who to-morrow, Saturday, for the Khyber. upheld the accuracy of the junk witnesses;

of the Court. sors would consult together, and the de- cannot see any bodies of men about near of the 3rd Sikhs were killed. His Lordship, Mr Hayllar having brief- cision would be given in a few days Daka; all apparently quiet there. Mahomly stated his position, asked: Then do you Whether the collision occurred by the ed Khalil, a Molmund Chief, is trying to say that the junk people were entirely to barque running into the junk's stern or bows | preach a jehad with no present success. he did not see how it could be made out an | a good deal of carriage has been sent from inevitable accident. If she struck ber on Peshawur to the Kurram Valley, an advance evitable accident. We co'ld not possibly the side, then a nice question arose as to this side is 'looked upon as unlikely for whether the Gustav took the proper several weeks. The road past Jellalabad is measures and whether the Loy Hop was blocked with sand. bound to take any measures, to avoid the The Chief Justice then put into Mr collision; that would be for the assessors to Brigade is under orders to march in the

Judgment reserved.

THE CRIMINAL SESSIONS-THE CALENDAR.

The Calendar for the October Criminal

1. Tang Atim; (1) unlawfully taking supplies for the army. away a boy under the age of 14 years with intent to deprive the father of the boy of his possession: (2) unlawfully taking away this Court afterwards states is not a fact, the same boy with intent to sell him; (3) and states it with an apparent object, there unlawfully taking away the same boy with ladeen Khan, brother of Padshah Khan, intent to procure a ransom for his libera-

violence, being armed.

By the Court :—When I asked them, by reton, as for every practitioner now practi- age of 14 years with intent to sell her; (2) averted. Twelve regiments and numerous of £100,000 as compared with the same directions of the Captain, if they wished to sing in this Court, that he never stated as unlawfully detaining the same child with guns are reported to be in Kabul, intent to deprive the father of the child of its lawful possession.

violence being armed; (2) unlawfully wound-

5. Chan Ashing; robbery with violence. 6. Leung Ayau; entering a dwelling house at night with intent to commit a felony and committing a felony therein.

7. Tang Alam; breaking and entering dwelling house and committing a felony

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

Captain E. J. Baker, with the London Mail of the 12th September, arrived this after-

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS. (For Straits Times.)

BURMAH. London, Oct. 6.—The Standard publishes paragraph stating that the India Office has requested the Admiralty to station a sufficient protective force at Rangoon.

London, Oct. 7.—It is understood that at a Cabinet Council held yesterday, the immediate re-assembling of Parliament was discussed. The Times deprecates this action as uncalled for.

AFGHANISTAN. Simla, Oct. 9.—General Roberts has been attacked near Cabul by a considerable force of Cabulis and Ghilzais. After severe fighting the enemy was repulsed with a heavy loss, 12 guns and 2 standards being captured. British loss 87 killed and wounded.

Simla, Oct. 11.—General Roberts encamped before Cabul on the 8th instant. During the fight already reported (Brigadier ?) Massy, who had been detached from the main body, succeeded in cutting off the enemy's retreat, and captured 78 guns at

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY. (From Indian Papers.)

Peshawur. Sept. 17 .- The best formedopinions are that the mutinous Herat trroops will keep together as much as possible. with a view to future escape into independent territory, if the British forces occupy Kabul at once. The mutineers would all be known. if muster rolls of the regiments are still existing, and would therefore fear to return to their homes, where they might afterwards be captured. General Macpherson left here to-day for Thull via Kohat. Transport animals, are coming in more numerously than was expected. Cholera is still lurking about the station. Bazar rumours about tribal uneasiness are quite untrustworthy. The formation of the Jumrood camp is simply an initial measure of advance.

Dhera Ghazi Khan, Sept. 19.—General Karim Khan commands the mutineers of the Khyber force, which will march to Gandamack before General Roberts leaves for

Ali Khel, Sept. 18 .- Two troopers of the Guides escaped and came in. One of them, a Sikh, hid in a Hindoo temple at Kabul. The Mahomedan trooper stuck to the Sikh Hop. Mr Russell then addressed the ours. Bir Louis Cavagnari's bearer, wash. Roberts has completely overawed

sense and reason that all such craft should | would in this connection refer the Court | Peshawur. None of these were in the Re- | vails, and the troops are delayed at all be expected to protect themselves in some to the Captain's evidence that when coming sidency. These and Emam Bux and the stations. The Cabul army musters 25,000 way. He submitted in this case that ashore that day he examined the vessel dooly-bearer who came in are supposed to be men, other tribes about 15,000, the enemy's if there was any light shown at and assured himself no damage was done. the sole survivors of the massacre. Lieut. total strength being 40,000. Rumors are all it was obscured in some way or other. He called attention to the straightforward Hamilton charged and silenced the gun again current about Shere Ali being still Mr Hayllar then reviewed the evidence to way in which his Chinese witnesses had given firing into the Residency three times, killing alive. A fight at Gandamack is anticishow that if the cook's statement was true | their evidence; he had never heard Chinese | several men each time. The third time the | pated. Immense satisfaction is felt along the whole of the evidence of the junk evidence given more straightforwardly. He Afghans all fired at him alone, and he was frontier at the manner in which Bombay is

Colombo, Sept. 28 .- A most oruel and lity. brutal murder, as reported, was committed where it occurred, the course of the vessels | rative if it were false without coaching, and | at Gampola on the 27th in open day, pistols | the Bombay Gazette from Dera Ghanikhan at the time dro., was affected if the evid- bard and able coaching too. And that being used. Rich and influential men were once of the cook was to be believed. That they could have got this was much more concerned. Lawlessness is unmitigatinglywitness had given his evidence in a straight. Improbable than that they were telling the prevailing. The man who shot is reserved as guilty, and the accomplices are at large. This is the second Unambua proceeding. The Police and the Deputy Queen's Advocate will have to re-investigate the case to have the real aiders and abettors in the dock.

New York, Sept. 4.—The following telegram from Havana, dated yesterday, is published here :-

that it will send immediately 20,000 troops of tranquility in Cuba."

Peshawur, September 18 .- The 9th Foot evening. marched in this morning. After transport arrangements have been made for them, for the surveying and exploring of the they will proceed to Lundi Kotal.

two men well fed very shortly after they were on the junk and saw and knew General Bright, whose command extends came on board. What earthly object, he what had been done and what was going on westwards from Attock, is still here. Roadasked, could any one possibly have in such were better able to prove the then state of making is going on in the Khyber, so that hanging on the bows. I did not see any as course as depriving a few rescued fisher affairs than those who were on another the route for traffic will be fairly good to of opinion that the arrival of the Ameer in masts on her. 1 did not see any light or | men of the little they required for susten- | vessel and could only say that they didn't | Lundi Kotal. More cavalry will be sent | the British camp proves that he is innocent fire. When I went up on the forecastle I ance and comfort. It was so unlike sailors | see anything. As to the people being asked | forward. The 3rd Bengal Cavalry under of treachery, but that it does not greatly saw the chief mate standing on a rope under t would not be believed. He had called to go on board their junk again, he drew orders is only waiting for depot men away alter the situation. he best evidence he could to rebut the attention to a direct contradiction of the on leave or detachment to rejoin. Their sabres. Other Guides of Sir Louis Cavag-I heard the cry,—"Save life." I helped who landed them as to why they wanted to bis case, but was introduced by some It is now stated that six out of eight sowars, men, whilst the Russian loss was 435 killed go to Yow-mah-tee. The sampan man was question showing a train of thought that grass-cutting, were killed near Kabul. One and wounded. an independent witness; was not even the had arisen in his Lordship's mind. Much worked through the Jugdulluk Pass into the sampan man usually engaged by the ship. | the same argument applied to the matter of | Kabul Valley, and was killed at Futteha- | been attacked by Mongols and Ghilzais, The evidence of the junk people had been | the food. He left the matter in the hands | bad. The Ameer's garrison is said to have | chiefly the former, in Hazaar Dorakht. deserted Daka Fort. The look-out at the His Lordship said that he and the asses- outposts from Lundi Kotal with telescopes severely wounded in the face, and five men

> Kandahar, Sept. 18.—General Hughes Kelat-i-Ghilzie direction. The reports of five battalions of infantry are supposed to emissaries from Kabul being at work among the Southern Chilzies, may account for this | speak of; and the majority of the infantry move, which may be expected to have a regiments are not up to their strength, betranquilising influence on the tribes. Nothing is yet known of the attitude of Muhamed Tahir Khan, Governor of Kelat-i-Ghizie. Sessions, which commence on Monday, is as | Everything is quiet here, and Shere Ali, the Governor, is actively engaged in procuring

> Ali Kheyl, Sept. 18.—The occupation of Hurriab and Kurram, combined with the intercourse of the past few months, had a good effect on the population here. Alhead of Admedzai Ghilzai, is with Sir F. Roberts now, and many headmen of the 2. Tse Acheung; highway robbery with Jajis are also in. A hostile gathering of the surrounding tribes was anticipated at the 3. Chan Achit and Yeung Asam; (1) un- end of the Ramzan fast, which concludes revenue returns for the September quarter lawfully detaining a female child under the to-day; but it is hoped that this may be

the Bombay Gazette, dated Poona, states 4. Lam Awah; highway robbery with that an extra brigade of Bombay troops has been ordered to the frontier, and will concentrate at Sukkur. The existing transport service between Sukkur and Quetta is mostby transferred to the Kurram Valley, so that the Bombay Government must make arrangements de novo to keep up supplies for the Kandahar column. The ponies now being collected are for the Khyber. Bombay is practically supplying transport for all by the Russians on the 10th September. three armies in the field. The transport organization in Beluchistan, and the stores and transport collected during the last campaign, are now proving of inestimable value. Kohat, Sept. 20.—There is no truth in The P. & O. Co.'s steamship Kashgar, the rumour that a European official has been killed. The Kohat Pass road is quite safe, though the Afridis are jubilant at Sir Louis Cayagnari's death. The 5th Punjab Cavalry, 13th Bengal Lancers, and the 20th Native Infantry have left for Thull. General Maopherson, who stayed here indisposed, left for the front to-day. There is a great block of officers here en route to the Kurram Valley; carriages forward being scarce.

Ali Kheyl, Sept. 20 .- A Moolah has established himself at Matoon, and is preaching a jehad. A pensioner Resaldar of the 19th Cavalry, resident in Kabul, has arrived in camp. He confirms the accounts of the outrage. Stray shots fired into the Shutargardan camp wounded some soldiers of the 72nd Highlanders last night. Sir F. Roberts is straining every nerve for an advance. The preparations are progressing rapidly. Transport is the great difficulty, but this is

being overcome. Ali Kheyl, Sept. 20.—There was some firing on the Camp of the 72nd Highlanders | the 11th inst. last night, between 9 and 10 o'clock. The Private Jackson in the head whilst he was

72nd's picquet sentries returned the fire, and in the proceedings. a company was sent up to clear the hill-side. On this, the marauders decamped, first extinguishing a bright beacon they had lit as a sort of rendezvous. These night visitors were probably Ghilzais excited by yesterday's "Eed" festival. The city of Kabul, of the China atation, when Vice-Admiral according to the Quarter-master-General's Coote is promoted. route book, is 230 miles from Kohat by the Kurram route; 190 from Peshawur by the Khyber: 390 from Kandahar by Khelat-i- 18th inst. from the China station with the Ghilzai and Ghuznee, and 357 miles from Balk by the Bamian. A contemporary says it is not generally known that the Herati regiments concerned in the massacre at Kabul are the very regiments that Yakoob Khan was in command of before he was persuaded to go to Kabul, and when his father seized and imprisoned him.

Ghazi Khan, Sept. 22.—The Kabulis here have received accounts of a great demonstration which took place at Kabul during the Eed festival. Fanatics called upon the chiefs to lead them against us. The chiefs believed, sides with the rebels. The Civil and Military Gazette's Kabul correspondent's till he was safe in the temple. Twenty-two | account of the massacre and the preceding grass-cutters were saved by the colonel of events is believed to be more trustworthy an Afghan cavalry regiment a pensioner of than the Press Commissioner's. General Court for the promovent. He read the erman, and baker are also in Kabul. One brought over the chiefs ordered in. Wesof Lieutenant Hamilton's syces escaped to ther feverish, Great blook at Jhelem president

undertaking so much work and responsibi-

Bombay, Sept. 29 .- A special telegram to says that the Mongols, Durranis, Wazaris, and Khuzalbastis, the principal tribes, can muster 200,000 fighting men, and that their attitude continues to remain doubtful. They have hitherto done nothing to help the British. With the exception of the Ghilzais, only such petty tribes as the Afridia and Shuwarris, have obeyed General Roberts' call. The Kabulis here say that at Kafila ponies and donkeys, mules, and hill camels are abundant. At Kabul the Ameer "The Madrid Government has telegraphed | could supply sufficient carriage if he chooses. The Ameer, attended by his son and suite, and the necessary funds for the maintenance | 45 members of the escort, and 200 men reached General Baker's camp on Saturday

London, Sept. 29.—A Russian expedition country and rivers between Samarkand and Peshawur, Sept. 18.—The 9th Foot march | Amudarya started on the 17th August.

Germany has agreed to the American pro-

posal for an International Conference on London, Sept. 29.—The London press is

London, Sept. 30.—The Rüssians claim to chief mate's evidence by the Captain's, and fighting strength is over three hundred have routed the Turkomans near Geokteps on the 28th August after a desperate resistremarking that this matter was no part of | nari's escort have turned up at Hoti Murdan. | ance. The Turkomans lost several thousand

Simla, Sept. 30.—General Roberts has

Deputy-Surgeon General Townshend was

Bombay, Sept. 30 .- A telegram to the Times of India says that the latest information from Kabul is that the following Afghan troops are supposed to be present at Kabul and Bala Hissar: three battalions of infantry and 16 guns posted in the city; three batteries of horse artillery, three field batteries, one elephant battery, and one bullock battery, three mountain batteries outside; and beyond the city to the north be encamped. There are no cavalry to ing weakened by furlough desertions. The Viceroy's movements are not settled till the occupation of Kabul is effected.

Simla, Oct. 1 .- General Roberts telegraphs from Kushi that on the 29th (? 2nd) he advances to Kabul. Second Lieutenant Kinloch was murdered on his way to join his regiment, by a volley fired from about forty-hidden on the road side at Chappri-

London, Oct. 1 .- Considerable agitation provails in Ireland respecting the reduction of rents demanded by tenant farmers. Mr Parnell advocates the nonpayment altogether in case landlords refuse to comply. The amount to £16,500,000, showing a decrease

period of last year. London, Oct. 1 .- Advices from the Rus-Bombay, Sep. 19.—A special telegram to sian General, Lomakin, fully confirm the news of the Turkoman defeat. The Russians, with twelve guns, for six hours shelled the place called Donziltepe, where there were 15,000 Turkomans and 5,000 women and children. They then attacked the outworks, which they carried at the point of the bayonet. Nightfall coming on, compelled them to suspend hostilities, when the Turkomans, taking advantage of the darkness, took to flight. Benomb was occupied

> Simla, Oct. 1.—General Roberts telegraphs from Kustie that he advances on Kabul on the 2nd October. The weather is magnificent, and the troops are healthy: all well. The Madras Brigade forms at Multan. The Times publishes a paragraph stating

> that Gordon Pacha has announced his intention of resigning the Governorship of the province of Soudan, after a settlement of the difficulty between Egypt and Abyssinia.

(L. & C. Express, Sept. 12)

Lates: Mail Advices. - Yokohama (via San rranci c.) July 29, Snanghai 30, Foochow 29, Hongkong Aug. 5. The P. & O. mail from Yokohama 19th, Shanghai 23rd. Hongkong 29 h July, Singapore 5th Aug. was received, via Brandisi, on the 8th inst. it: due date, and the French mail, with the advices dated as above, from China and the Straits Settlements, reached London, via Naples, on the 11th inst., four days early. The Japan mail via San Francisco. from Yokohama, 29th July, was received on the 9th inst. The steamer Matwa, with the heavy portion of the P. & O. inward mail, left Gibraltar for Southampton on

Am eting was held in the Free South officers were standing round a woodfire near | Church, Aber ie'n, for the purpose of taking the mess, and were fired upon from the flewell of the Rev. Mr Mclvor, and wishneighbouring hill-side. Whilst scattering | ing him Godspeed in the mission field of the logs to extinguish the fire, they were China, for which he is about to leave. The again fired on, after which a brisk volley meeting was presided over by the Rev. was fired into the camp. One shot struck | Mr Knight; and Professors Salmond and Binnie, the Rev. Mr Macdonald, and the preparing to turn out of the tent. The Rev. Mr Smith, from China, &c., took part

It is considered likely that the Duke of Edinburgh may be nominated to the command of the North America and West India station, in which event Sir Leopold McClintock would succeed to the command

The Type, troop and store ship, is expected to arrive at Devonport about the relieved crews, &c., of the Lily, Sheldrake, Moorhen, and Mosquito.

It is understood that one of the conditions imposed by the Russian Govern. ment in connection with the surrender of Kuldia to the Chinese is that the Kirchin Nomads, who have fled from Kuldis and its environs to China since the invasion of the former by Russian troops, are forcibly sent back by the Chinese authorities. At the Bankruptcy Court a first meeting

has been held for the proof of debts and choice of a trustee to the estate of A. agreed, and Yakub Khan, it is confidently | Mildmay Gepp, who is described as a China merchant and tea dealer, of Rood-lane and Canton. The bankrupt was present, and produced a statement of affairs, showing total debts £22,259 10s., and assets £727 181. Numerous proofs were put in, and Mr S. Barrow, accountant, Greaham-atrees. was appointed trustee, with a committee of

SERVICES."

The "Double Acrostics for the Services" are distinguished by the two principal words being connected with the Naval and Military professions; such for example as "Sword, "Marling-spike," "Rlatoon," &c. No such restriction applies to the lights.

All solutions should be sent to Entron, China Mail Office, by noon, on the Friday following the publication of any one Acrostic, with the word " Acrostic " on the envolope. Any arriving subsequently will not be entertained.

A premium of \$10 will be given to the person giving the greatest number of correct solutions by New Year's day.

Every Saturday a new Acrostic will be given, together with the solution of the one of the previous week .- The successful names will also be published.

Sound trumpets! roll the doubling drum! Stand close, ye eager ranks, I come! I come List to my fatal voice, that ugly crash,

That awful burst, you sudden lurid flash! Now on, my merry men, the steep ascend-Strike firm and fast; may God the right de-

Though lost to Albion, yet abroad I'm seen A pretty decoration now, I ween;

Time was when sterner use my aid employed And many a knight my succor hath enjoyed-Full many a lance hath splintered on my

Of many a home-thrust have I borne the brunt.

'Mongst Cambria's warriors I linger still; E'en awful Justice owns my potent sway: At masques and routs my ancient rôle I fill And keep the merry "tenor of my way"

Though deep and glorious be my rolling Yet ofttimes hath my channel run with blood.

Found on the burning prairie, seen on the

raging sea, Whatever troubles mortal, centres itself in

A virgin sought of old to wife-Sad cause of fratricidal strife.

A short life and a merry one, my friend -As long as luxury its zest can lend.

There's not a ship that puts to sea But carries many a one like me.

Yorick.

THE U., S. CONSULAR AND DIPLO-MATIC SERVICE IN CHINA.

CORRUPTION PREVALENT FOR YEARS.

ROBBED OF \$40,000 BY A FURMER CONSUL AT HONGKONG.

The Washington Post of August 18th has an article on the U.S. Consular and Diploprove of great interest to all classes in Hongkong and China generally, alike to natives, Americans and other foreigners. head-lines so characteristic of American journalism :—

MOSBY TO THE FRONT.

AN OLD-STYLE SURPRISE BY THE EX-PARTISAN LEADER.

The Seward-Bradford Ring again Arraigned by "The Man who Never Feared Anybody"-Some Points in the History or the Case—The Dispatch that was Suppressed.

Mr Hayes' consul at Hongkong, ex-Confederate Gen. Mosby, has officially informed the State department that corruption has for years pervaded the United States consular and diplomatic service in China. Bis testimony cannot be ignored or set aside by Mr Evarts, as was the case with the evidence taken by the Springer committee. For all the peculation and crime committed by the Seward ring in China, and for the stigms these dishonest officials have put such documents as they wanted After a the congregation, it is added, almost drowupon the country, the Republican party few days' experience with them, Chairman ned the voice of the preacher. has become responsible. When the De- Springer became suspicious that these clerks We need not, however, enter further into to arraign Seward, and by punishing him much readiness as they might, so he put It is believed that the islands are capable of and his confederates, thus vindicate the both of them on the stand, and swore them supporting several millions, whilst at present been allowed to go over from the second to printed above demonstrates that Col. Mosby able to the Chinese who emigrate thither. the third session of the Forty-fifth Con. began the work of exposure without delay. The success of those who have been on the

them which related to his personal matters." money-making operations when Consu rates. The official dispatch sent by the follows: Hone Kone, February 20.

Hon. F. W. Seward, Assistant, etc.

department to a question of interest both to myself and the Government. An act of Congress, passed in 1862, required all vessels carrying Chinese emigrants to the United States have the certificate of the United States consu residing at the port of departure to the fact of for protection under the English flag." their voluntary emigration. All of the Chinese emigrants go from this port, and I suppose have gone with the necessary certificate ever since the enactment of the law. On examination of the records of this consulate. I can find no credit to the Government for any fees collected on this account previous to the fourth quarter of 1871 although, as I am informed by those who know, fees have always been charged for this service. Since 1871, in every quarterly statement, there is a credit for the amount of emigration fees collected, and a charge for the "expense, as per voucher." for collecting them. By a strange coincidence, the debit for expense always balances the credit for collection, so that the Government got nothing. The total amount these fees, as appears by the record, since 187 is \$14,345.75. The late vice-consul in charge Mr. Loring, informs me that no record was kep of fees for certificates for Chinese emigrants going to the United States in vessels carrying foreign flags, but that those fees were regarded as unofficial and retained as the perquisites of the consul. There is a line of steamers. Oriental & Occidental Co., carrying the British flag, that has for several years been running regularly between Hong Kong and San Fran cisco. As this company runs three large steamers and the Pacific Mail Co. only runs two, it may fairly be inferred that the Oriental Occidental line and other foreign vessels have carried as many emigrants as the other. It may be estimated, therefore, that within the last eight years over \$30,000 have been collected here in emigration fees, or a sum about equal to the consular salary for that period. I would like very much to be allowed to retain these fees if it can properly be done, but I do not feel instified in appropriating them, in the absence of intructions from the department. No fees from this source have ever, I believe, been turned into the Treasury, but all have either been retained by the consul or consumed in the "expense" of examining the emigrants. I do not propose to charge the Government anything for expenses of examination, for I see no good reason why there should be any, and I expect to do this work in person. This duty, I learn, has hitherto been performed by one Peter Smith, "expense" account. The following is a brief history of the ceremony of examination: the day before a vessel was to leave with Chinese emigrants, no matter whether foreign or American, the United States consul was informed that at a certain hour the passengers would be ready on board for examination. At the appointed time Peter Smith appeared, with the consular seal, the passengers came on deck and passed in review before him, each being asked if he was a voluntary emigrant. If he said that he was, his ticket was stamped with the consular seal. It would take, on an average, about one hour to matic Service in China, which cannot but proceeding, the Government being charged also with the expense of boat-hire, in addition to the amount for which Peter Smith has receipted. From all I have learned, I have no doubt that Peter Smith has only played the part of John Doe and Richard Roe in the proceeding. The We reproduce the article, not omitting the | nominal sum covered by his receipts is so absurdly out of proportion to the time he was employed and the value of the services that he rendered, or was capable of rendering, as to exclude any other conclusion. He is an illiterate keeper of a sailor's boarding-house, and I have no doubt would contract to-day to do the whole work for \$100 a year, and consider himself well paid. As I have already said, I intend personaly to inspect the emigrants, no matter whether the department declares the fees received for the service to be official or unofficial.

evinced a determination to stand by Seward, from other causes connected with civilizaand to crush all who testify against him, or | tion. The foreign dress, which many have in any measure aid in the exposure of his adopted, is manifestly unsuited to them: dishonest practices. A single incident that | and as they still regard clothing more as occurred during the progress of the Springer | ornamental than useful, they wear it in a investigation will illustrate this. The com- very irregular manner. A writer records mittee decided to hold their meetings at | seeing some native church-goers who, being the State department, because the papers | caught in a shower, threw off their finery. and records wanted were all there. Secre- men and women together, and entered the tary Evarts and his assistant, Fred Seward, | meeting-house almost in puris naturalibus, professed an earnest desire to aid the com- with their coats and gowns in bundles under mittee, and detailed two clerks to look up their arms. The coughing and encezing of mocratic majority in the last House sought were not producing the records with as the causes of the decrease of the population honor of this Government, the Republican without a moment's warning. They testified the natives number only 44,000. Their filibustered for thirteen hours to prevent ment, had instructed them to submit all and the smallness of their population, have him and says nothing to each one sternly the adoption of the committee's report, and papers and records called for to him, before of late years attracted much attention to the leaders openly proclaimed that they laying them before the committee. G. them; and it has been felt that, with the would consume the balance of the session | Wiley Wells was a victim to the Seward in | necessary labour, they might be greatly in dilatory motions rather than allow any | fluence. He was appointed during a recess | improved and their resources developed. part of the testimony to go into the Record. of Congress as consul general at Shanghai, King Kalakua and his government seem dis-Some of the most important bills of the to take the place of Saward, just promoted posed to welcome foreigners and to encourage session remained to be acted upon, and in | to minister. Wells discovered that corrup- trade. At present the chief export is sugar, order that they might not fail, Mr Springer | tion had ruled in every business of the con- | which finds a ready market in America. withdrew his report and Seward escaped. | sulate. He undertook to reform the evils | is believed that the islands contain valuable The testimony against him was conclusive. and punish the rascals, but lost his official deposits of guano. Horses and cattle are He was arraigned before the bar of the head before he could accomplish anything. exceedingly numerous. An increased po-House for contempt. He had refused to As soon as Congress met, the Seward influ- pulation will, of course, add greatly to the produce certain books which formed a part | ence procured the appointment of Bailey, | quantity of produce raised, larger imports of the record of his former consulate, and then consulat Hongkong, as consul general, will be needed, and so commerce with the contained the entries of its business. His and Wells was re-called. Bailey was an islands will be extended. If Mr C. C. plea was that if these books would criminate active member of the Seward ring, and he | Moreno be successful in the important comhim, under the Constitution he could not sought to have Loring, another confederate, mercial mission with which he has been be compelled to produce them. Though appointed to the place he (Bailey) had just entrusted by the China Merchants' Company, and jumps into a long saloon carriage, he escaped impeachment through the com- vacated. This would have made the cor- it may be expected that a considerable imbined efforts of his party, a verdict of rupt circle complete, and opened an era of petus will be given to trade between China guilty was rendered against him by the good stealing that would have delighted and the Sandwich islands. New projects American public. Mr Seward returned to the gang and filled their pockets. Unfor- are sometimes spoken of in too glowing co-Chins, however, and resumed his position as tunately, however, for the plunderers, Col. lours, and a correspondent who refers to the the envoy extraordinary and minister plent- | Mosby was sent to Hongkong, and they in- | islands as possessing for the Chinese "the potentiary of the United States. He had stinctively feared him. The first steamer attractions of El Dorado," probably goes received the indersement of the Radical that left Hongkong after Mosby's arrival, too far. There is, however, no doubt that a party, and was backed by the influence of for the United States, brought letters to the very promising field is opened to enterprise, He calls the Commander-in-Chief the the State department. He had not fulfilled State Department from the "consular ring" and that steady industry may hope for an his promise to vindicate himself, but he had | intended to disparage him and destroy his | abundant reward. The climatic conditions, managed to avoid technical conviction. At influence in advance. The plunderers had I the well-established government, the peacehis written request, the investigation had not mistaken their man. The "despatch" ful character of the people, are all favour-

tions to bring the books which the com- was not the intention of the State years have accumulated considerable pro- dusky countryman of theirs, great or small, mittee wanted. Seward was represented department that the contents of this dis- perty, and not a few have become storebefore the committee by able attorneys, patch should ever be made public. It was keepers. All the Chinese women there are and his defense throughout consisted of the kept among the "State" secrets of the married; it being said that Chinese prostiplea entered by him at the bar of the department, and only reached the public tution is unknown in the Hawaiian group. House—that he could not be forced to eye by means of a copy mailed from It says not a little for the enterprise of the criminate himself. He admitted that the Hongkong to unofficial quarters. Col. management of a Chinese Steamboat Combooks demanded did contain a record of the Mosby, having entered upon the task of pany that they should seek to extend their business of the consulate, but said there exposing this ring, is not the man to drop flag to distant seas; and no more convincing were "other entries and memoranda in it or leave off until his work is accomplish- proof could be furnished that China is slowed. His official head may fall at the Iv, yet surely, departing from her traditional

He had scarcely had time to resome his bidding of the Sewards, and it is quite policy of exclusiveness and isolation. likely this will happen; but he has given | Celestial Empire. Mosby opened upon him and his confede. the case against Seward a fresh impetus. and no doubt Congress will again take hold present consul in relation to the rascality of it next winter. Not only have the formerly practiced at that consulate is as corruptions of United States consuls and ministers in China brought disgrace upon the fair name of the United States but the effect has been disastrous to American Sir. I Legire to call the attention of the shipping interests. An American resident of China writes: " The fact is that American consuls out here have been a revolver is not loaded. greater terror to our ships than the Alabama ever was; so much so, that several lines of steamers have been driven

COMMERCE BETWEEN CHINA AND

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS. The departure of the China Merchants steamer $ar{Ho-chung}$ for Honolulu, and the prospect of direct communication being regularly established between the Celestial Empire and that port, are directing a large amount of attention to the Sandwich Islands. A brief glance at their past history and present position may, therefore, be of some interest. It is just about a century ago since this group of islands was discovered by Captain Cook. Their population was then estimated at 400,000; but it was probably nearer half a million. The official census taken in December, 1878, gives the number of the aborigines as only 44,000. In other words, the population has decreased by ninetenths since the first impact of the islanders with civilisation. If the decrease goes on at the same rate, some modern novelist may write a book on "The Last of the Hawaiians," probably more real but not less touching than the work in which Cooper has told how a once powerful and well-known race of Indians perished off the earth. The causes of the decline are various, and though the missionaries are anxious to point out that it is not due to "civilization, but the vices of civilization," the result is pretty much the same. It is sometimes boastfully said that barbarism ever falls before civilization; but it is sad to have to note that the conquest is only gained by the annihilation of the barbarians. The inferior race is not elevated, strengthened, and absorbed by the superior one, but is simply destroyed-peacefully and quietly, it is true, but with a certainty as great as though it were mowed down by cannon. There are some outward aspects, no doubt, upon which missionaries and others dwell with great complacency, is not perfect satisfaction. Heathen usages whose receipts constituted the vouchers for the may have given place to forms of Christian worship; in lien of the old savage in his war paint there may be a decorous congregational deacon; and peaceful pursuits may have succeeded the fierce and cruel habits of former days. But what of the loathsome diseases, and the hardly less destructive vices which have hurried so many thousands of the innocent islanders to their graves? Kuakini, an old converted Governor of Hawaii, once asked a missionary, "Why did not our children die as frequently in the time of our dark-heartedness as they do complete the investigation." This is the whole | now?" We do not know what answer was returned, but the missionary admits that

the question "puzzled him." Some valuable light has of late years been thrown on the causes of the decline of aboriginals when brought in contact with the higher races, and it is shown that the result though largely, is by no means wholly, due to what are called the "vices of civilization," It would appear that the transformation to new modes of life is too sudden to allow of adaptation to the new conditions: for, as Mr Herbert Spencer so well points out, the life and health of an organized body imply an equilibrium between the external or "incident" forces and the forces of the organized body. The Polynesian islanders were not only unable to resist the imported The State department has from the first | epidemic diseases, but they also suffered

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

At Simla and Calcutta the Government of India always sleeps with a revolver under | gardens I knew of in and about Whitehall its pillow - that revolver is the Commanderin Chief. There is a tacit understanding that this revolver is not to be let off; indeed, sometimes it is believed that this

voice. This division of property is seen everywhere. The Commander-in-Chief has many offices; in each there is some one other than the Commander-In-Chief who discharges all his duties.

What does the Commander-in Chief command? Armies? No. In India Commanders-in-Chief command no armies. The Commander-in-Chief only commands re-

The Commander-In-Chief is himself an army. His transport, medical attendance, and provisioning are cared for departmentally, and watched over by responsible officers. He is a host in himself; and a corps of observation.

All the world observes him. His slightest movement creates a molecular disturbance n type, and vibrates into newspaper

paragraphs. When Commanders-in-Chief are born the world is unconscious of any change. one knows when a Commander-in-Chief is born. No joyful father, no pale mother has ever experienced such an event as the birth of a Commander-in-Chief in the family. No Mrs Gamp has ever leant over the bannisters and declared to the expectant father below that it was "a fine healthy Commander-in-Chief." Therefore, a Commander-in-Chief is not like a poet. But when a Commander-In Chief dies, the spirit of a thousand Beethovens sob and wail in the air; dull cannon roar slowly out their heavy grief; silly rifles gibber and chatter demoniscally over his grave; and a cocked hat emptier than ever, rides with the mockery of despair on his coffin. On Sunday evening, after tea and catechism, the Supreme Council generally meet for riddles and forfeits, in the snug little clock-room parlour at Peterhoff. "Can an army tailor make a Commander-in-Chief?" was once asked. Eight old heads were scratched and searched, but no answer was found No. sound was heard save the seething whisper of champagne ebblng and flowing in the liberal-he assists, and it is not his fault eight of I heads. Outside, the wind mouned through the rhododendron trees; within the Commander in chief wept peacefully. He felt the awkwardness of the situation. He thought of Ali Musjid, and he thought of Isandula; he saw nimself reflected in he mirror, and he declared that he gave it up. An aide-de-camp stood at the do r biccupping idly. He was known to have invested all his paper currency in Sackville | audience. But what amount of writhing treet; and he felt in honour bound to say that the riddle was a little hard on the army tailors. So the subject dropped.

A Commander-in-Chief is the most beautiful artic e of social upholstery in India He sits in a large chair in the drawingroom. Heads and bodies away vertically in passing him. He takes the oldest woman in to dinner; he gratifies her with his drowsy cackle. He says "Yes" and "No" to everyone with drowsy civility everyone is conciliated. His stars dimly twinkle-twinkle; the host and hostess enjoy their light. After dinner he decents claret into his venerable person, and tells an old story: the company smile with innocent joy. He rejoins the ladies and leers kindly on a pretty woman; she forgives herself a month of indiscretions. He touches Lieutenant the Hon. Jupiter Smith on the elbow and inquires after his mother; a noble family is gladdened. He is thus a source of harmless happiness to himself and to those around him.

If a round of ball cartridge has been wasted by a suicide or a pair of ammunition boots carried off by a deserter, the Commander-in-Chief sometimes visits a great cantonment under a salute of seventeen guns. The military then express their joy in their peculiar fashion, according to their station in life. The cavalry soldier takes out his charger and gallops heedlessly up and down all the roads in the station. The sergeants of all arms fume about as if transacting some important business beween the barracks and their officers' quarters. Subalterns hang about the mess. whacking their legs with small pieces of cane and drinking pegs with mournful indifference. _The Colonel sends for everyone minority offered united resistance. They that Mr Brown, chief clerk of the depart geographical position, their natural fertility, who has not the privilege of sending for and declaively. The Majors and the officers doing general duty go to the Club and swear before the civilians that they are worked off their legs, complaining fiercely to themselves that the Fervice is going, &c., &c. The Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General puts on all the gold lace he is

allowed to wear, and gallops to the Assistant Adjutant-General, where he has tiffin. The Major-General Commanding writes notes to all his friends, and keeps orderlies flying at random in every direction. The Commander-in-Chief, who had a disturbed night in the train, sleeps peacefully throughout the day, and leaves under another salute in the afternoon. He shakes hands with everyone he can see at the station, followed by his staff.

"A deuced active old fellow!" everyone says: and they go home and dine solemnly with one another under circumstances of extraordinary importance.

The effect of the Commander-in-Chief is very remarkable on the poor Indian, whose untutored mind sees a Lord in everything. Jungy Lord," or War Lord, in contradistinction to the "Mulks Lord," or Country Lord, the appellation of the Viceroy. the poor Indian this War Lord is an object of profound interest and speculation. has many aspects that resemble the other

gets access to this Lord of theirs. Is it. then, worth while to pass through this fire to the possible Moloch who sits beyond? Will this process of parting with coin—this Valley of the Shadow of Death-lead them to any palpable advantage? Perhaps the War Lord with his red right hand can add guns to their salute; perhaps he will speak a commendatory word to his caste-fellow, the Country Lord? These are precious possibilities.

A Rajah whom I am now prospecting for the Foreign Office asked me the other our progress across the country is slow." day where Commanders-in-chief were ripened, seeing that they were always so mellow and blooming. I mentioned a few nursery and Pall Mall. H. H. at once said that he would like to plant his son there. This is young 'Arry Bobbery, already favourably known on the Indian Turf as an enterprising and successful defaulter.

The Commander-in-Chief has a seat in You will know 'Arry Bobbery if you meet Council; but the Military Member has a him, dear Vanity, by the peculiarly gracious way in which he forgives and forgets if you commit the indiscretion of lending him money. You may be sure that he never allude to the matter again, but will rather wear a piquant do it-again manner like our irresistible little friend Conny B ---. I don't believe, however, that Bobbery will ever become a Commander-in Chief, though his distant cousin, Scindis, is a General, and though they talk of pawning the long-shore Governorship of Bombay to Sir Cow-ass-gee-bottle-boy.

-Vanity Fair.

AN AMERICAN AUDIENCE. To describe the peculiarities of

American audience is much like describing

a level country; the latter rich, perhaps, in foliage; the former -brilliant with bonnets and drapery, but both monotonous and without variety. The fashionable "first night" audience in New York has interesting peculiarity worth noticing. is good-natured and kindly to a degree, which utterly destroys its value as a jury for the trial of a new piece or a new actor. Those interested in the result must watch it very closely, and with the eye of experience, to judge whether the applause is merely conventional, given as a matter of etiquette, so to speak, or the frue expression of aroused feeling. Every one excepting, of course the critics, seems to go with placed determination that he or she will do his or her duty in making the occasion successful, whether the author. actor, and managers have done theirs not. The persistency with which this determination is sometimes doggedly a hered to, like the forced smile of the bored guests at a fashionable dinner party, amusing, and almost quaint in its p-culiarity. A member of a New York first-night audience makes the French expression his assistance is in valu. This characterist makes an absolute failure in that city the most ghastly and formidable thing of its kind known to the civilized world. An author or manager can brace his nerves against the noisy indignation of a disgusted and demonstrative audience. He endure less easily, but still endure. ender silence of a grieved and disappointed and gnashing of the teeth can express his feelings when an audience (as I have seen in New York) calls up the curtain on the first, second, third, and fourth acts, of a new play, and two-thirds of it quietly walk out of the house before the curtain rises on the fifth act? In such a case there is hardly an expression of disapproval heard throughout the evening in any part of the house, except in the subdued tones of private conversation between the acts. The gallery boy in the back row mentions his impressions to his neighbor, but joins the gentleman in the parquet whenever there is a chance to applaud. As the curtain falls, the hands that have just been going through the form of respectful approval reach for hats and cloaks, and the last act is left to its fate with a remnant of the audience, more patient than the deserters. but not more calm, screne, and placid.— Bronson Howard in the Theatre.

A CIRCUS AGENT VANQUISHED. Yesterday afternoon a dapper little man. with a two-ounce cane and a half-pound cluster diamond pin, came into the Chronicle office and asked if the amusement teporter was in. When the man he sought was pointed out, the stranger grasped him

warmly by the hand, remarking— "Delighted to meet you, sir, really I am. 've heard of you at every place I stopped on my way from New York. I had such a lare either used up or played out, in France. curiosity to see you that I got off at Reno | The Republic is a flature, and is every day and took a run up. But really I had ex- becoming more and more the very nation pected to find a much older man, consider- itself.

I inquire your name?"

in to give you a little information about Letter an oroide medal for this life-saving our show. I siways like to give a man all apparetus."

THE "DOUBLE ACROSTICS FOR THE gress, in order that he might appear per. His official testimony shows that Balley, islands some years, is the best encourage- and more latelligible Lord. An aide-de- the points when I know he possesses the sonally in his own behalf. He wrote while consul at Hougkong, robbed the ment that can be offered, and forms more camp rides behind him; hats or hands rise talent to handle them in the right style. Chairman Springer that if he would thus government of over forty thousand dollars, than sufficient inducement to others to go electrically as he passes, yet it is felt in Some fellows down at Reno and Carson prolong the investigation until he (Seward) in the one item of emigration fees. Instead there. Upon this point, it may be mentioned secret that he is not pregnant with such tried to pump me, but I didn't propose to could arrive, he would "vindicate himself of injuring Mr Bailey in the estimation of that the steamship Electra, which left thunderclouds of rupees, and that he can let a description of my show be mangled completely and refute all the vile slanders | the State Department, and of the Kraudu. Whampon a few days ago with nearly 600 | not make or mar a Rajah. To the Rajah | up, by scrub writers. Besides Sebastian that had been uttered against him." He lent Administration, this official evidence of passengers for Honolulu, had to leave behind it is an ever recurring question whether it | telegraphed me from New York last night obtained leave from the department to come his dishonesty seems to have commended more than one hundred passengers who were is necessary or expedient to salaam to the not to let anybody but you get aboard of to Washington for this purpose, and Chair. him. He was renominated for consul- anxious to go. In no other place have the Jungy Lord and call upon him. He is the first grand description. Just mention man Springer induced Mr Evarts to add to general, and the Senate, not being aware of Chinese so intermarried with the natives. | hedged about with servants who will re- four miles of cages containing wild beasts. the telegram granting this leave, instruct the Mosby dispatch, confirmed him. It Many of them who have been there a few quire to be richly propitiated before any with twelve new varieties of elephants, and a recently discovered monster from Afrcalled the jabberwock, which weighs B,C; " Indeed!"

"Yes, sir, and a man like you, with a fine desgriptive ability and inexhaustible command of language, which has made you famous in two continents"

"How many columns do you want?" "Oh, as many as you please."

"When will the show be here?" "Perhaps not for two months; it takes such a long time to move the animals that

"Just so. Well, our figures for big circuses like yours are 150 dols. per column, cash down, and 30 per cent, of the gross receipts if the show is a success." The circus agent seemed greatly affected.

"Isn't that rather steep?" he said. "It would be, perhaps, for a small provincial journal like the New York Herald. or even the London Times, but we circulate such a mammoth edition that the price is comparatively trifling. Fourteen freight cars come up every day with paper for our edition, which is worked off on five big Walter presses, lightning geared. Our expense for steam alone, sir, is 2 000 dols. a day. We have more carriers than you could pack in your largest tent. Our Eastern circulation has been increasing at the rate of 1,000 a day for the last two years. By simply cutting down the size of the paper ath of an inch, our proprietor has saved money enough to build four schoolhouses worth 40,000 dols. each, and endowed an orphan asylum in each county in the He doesn't run the paper for money, but just simply for his health and because he likes the country. Our mailing and folding machinery would remind you of the Risdon Ironworks."

"Is it in this building?" "Oh, no; this is simply our branch office-the place where we write up circuses. Our principal establishment is " The circus agent grouned as if in agony, and fled from the office. Virginia City

Chronicle (Nevida).

A NERVOUS PEOPLE.

Excellent medical authority asserts that

the constant strain of business, added to the dryness of our climate, has so changed the constitution that it is impossible for us to do what our fathers did before us safely. "We are," say Dr Beard, "ten degrees more sensitive to cold than they were," as the cases of sunstroke and heat prostration bear evidence. There is an immense increase in neuralgia, sick headache, hay fever, nervous exhaustion, and especially in dyspepsia, in itself the potent source of a host of physical and mental irritants and distresses. Now with such systems as we have, high strung, nervous and irritable, the use of stimulants cannot be otherwise than injurious. It is impossible to use them as they were used in the days gone by. There is hardly a man of middle age who does not remember that hospitality and a sideboard of wines and liquors were synonymous terms. Both men and women drank freely, and professional men and the clergy indulged in the same habit. It would be folly to say that what is a vice now was a virtue then, but it can be safely asserted that people did indulge then without the same injurious effects that follow the practice now. The predominant nervousness of the present time had not been developed. Our ancestors could drink freely, smoke extravagantly, indulge to excess in tea and coffee, and yet live to a serene old age; now it is simply impossible. True, the traffic in ardent spirits has enormonsly increased, but so has the population true people vet drink to excess, but they do not do it with impunity. Circumstances have altered cases, and two-thirds of the present terrible effects flowing from intemperance are due to the change in the physiological conditions of the human race, and especially in this country, where people are strung up to a tension that will no more allow a free use of strong drinks than a barn filled with straw will permit the introduction of fire.-Newark Advertiser,

THE French continue to be downright glad at the acquittal of Captain Carey: one enthusiastic journal goes the length of claiming that as a compensation for the iniquities' to which he has been subjected. he be buried in Westminister heev. The comic journals are very complia itary to the Captain, but the Monarchal press refuse to believe in his innocence, and hold him responsible for not communicating common sense and ordinary prudence to Marengo II., who did not know how to command six soldiers, but who was nevertheless deemed competent to direct the destinies of 36 millions of Frenchmen. All pretenders

ing the magnificent reputation your drama. "IT may be interesting news." says the tic and circus criticisms have given you, if | San Francisco News Letter, "that the I didn't get aboard of anything else in Rotterdamsche Handdlsvereeniging loses 70,000,000 floring by the failure of the Afri-"Ah," said the reporter, blushing in kaansche Handelsvereeniging, but to imfour colours, "I'm glad to see you. Might part such information by telegraph must be very wearing on the wires. That is the "Well, here's my card," said the little smallest part of the evil, however. We man, handing out a piece of paper about know of three compositors and one foreman five inches square. "You may have heard printer who have committed suicide by of me before—Clarence De Lacy Slocum, drowning since those Dutch banks began to agent of the Sebastian Nan Buena Vista fail, thereby causing a glut in the shrimp Circus and Menagerie. This is by far the market and giving an inky flavour to the largest combination of gigantic circuses crabs. These unfortunate men did not beever put on the road. We started out long to the News Letter office. Not at about five years ago in a small way, with all. We are too careful of the lives of our not over 400,000 feet of canvas, only nine printers for that, and have a machine tents, and scarcely 1,500 animals, but we (patent applied for) expressly invented for gradually absorbed all the small-fry shows. such emergencies. It is like a gigantic in-They would go into bankruptcy along the | verted peppercastor, with holes in the lid ronte, and we would buy their outfits. large enough to let type slip through freely. Sebastian, our owner, is the most sympa- It takes some time to get the name of a thetic man on earth. He'd buy their little | Dutch bank along the wires, and as soon as shows and pay double price, just to help | we are warned by the arrival of the first the poor devils along. Money is of no instalment our machine is promptly heisted account to him. He's travelling simply for | into position over the form. As the name pleasure and a desire to see the great West. | continues to come in, four able-bodied men "I'd like to know him," remarked the shovel type into the Dutchometer from a well-mixed heap of all the latters in the "Oh, he knows you—that is, by reputa- alphabet. The machine is then violently tion. He has your picture set in a frame agitated by being beaten with a cast iron that cost him over 100 dols. He was say-club, and after the type has rattled out it. ing was dull he just took a look at that an hour or two we have got that name about phiz of yours, and it siways made him feel as correct as any of the dailies. We hear as happy as if he was obliged to turn 500 that the Society for the prevention of Cruelpeople away at the door. But I just came ty to Printers is going to award the Name

Lets. Pap.

POSTAL RATES.

Lubioined we give the postal rates in force for transmission of correundence to all parts of the world, rules affecting the transmisof packets, parcels, &c., will be out is annexed, together with a number blianeous and useful notices.

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

. (Revised April 4th, 1879.)

In the following Statements and Tables be are given in cents, and are, for ... drs, per half bunce, for Books and jutterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight larged as double, treble, &c., as the 3 may be, but such papers or packets of repers may be sent at Book Rate. Two

wapapers must not be folded together as s, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correcopied invoices, deeds, copied Zusic, &co. Any of them in a Book Packet expose it to the higher charges stated be-

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 4 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Comvercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is os. Patterns for such offices are limited 8 ounces, and must not exceed these mensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 aulien.

N.R. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise prope, most foreign possessions in Asia, Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, all N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Chili, Brazil, Peru, The Argentine Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras, Barnuda, Labuan, with all Danish, ينين بنها Colonies.

Quantries NOT in the Union. - The chief "Intries not in the Union are the Ausralasian Group.

Postage to Union Countries. General Rates, by any route :etters, 8 cents per 1 oz. at Cards, 8 cents each. registration, 8 cents. M -- Dapers, 2 cents each.

Land Patterns, 2 cents per 2 oz. __mercial Papers, 6 cents per 4 oz. Exceptional rates, to the United Kingdom and Union Countries served through

he United Kingdom via Brindisi only;-Letters, 12 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Post Cards. 5 cents each. Registration, 8 cents. Newspapers, 4 cents each. Books and Patterns, 4 cents per 2 oz. Commercial Papers, 8 cents per 4 oz. There is no charge on redirected corre pendence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries. Af Dinwall (N.R.), Bahawas, Guatemala Aa (N.R.), New Granada (N.R.),

der (n.g.)	, and vene	zueta (N.1	£.) :
AND THE STATE OF T		ia 8.Hampto or Marseilles	
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egiatration,	None.	8	8
ewspapers,	4	4	6
ooks & Patte	rns, 6	6	8
Bolivia, Co	sta Rica ua (n. r.):-	(N.B.),	Ecuadoz
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papers, 2 Patte	4	4	6
Ls & Patte	rns, 12	6	- 8
egistration, .	8	None.	None.
Hawaiian Ki	ngdom :		.
sters,	12	12	16
egistration,	None.	None.	None.
owspapers,	4*	4	6
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ooks & Patter	m, —	6	8
giatration,			, <u>~~</u>
British & Uni est Indies on	ly,	8	8
Australia, Ne	w Zealand	, Tasmani	a, Fiji,

atal, Cape, St. Helena, Ascension. Letters, by Contract Packet 24; by Prite Ship 12, Registration, 8; Newspapers, Books and Patterns, 4,

A small extra charge is made on delivery.

				- 1
CAL AND TOWN POSTAGE.	Letters.	Registration.	Newspapers.	Bks. & Pttns. Per 2 oz.
Vithin any Town or Settle- at, or between Hongkong, ton, and Macao, in either				
etion,	2	8	2	2
following places (through ritish Office) viz :—Hong- g, Macao, Ports of China				
Japan, Bangkok, Cochin ha, Tonquin, and the Phi-				
ines, by Private Ship, etween the above by Con- t Mail.	4	8	2	2
# 456 Weby + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	O	2	. 2

ny publication fulfilling the conditions after named can pass as a newspaper. e conditions are as follows :-

is It must be published in numbers at sale of not more than 81 days, and be printed on a sheet or sheets un-

3rd. The full title and date of publication must be printed at the top of the first page. and the whole or part of the title and the date of publication at the top of every subsequent page; and this regulation applies. to Tables of Contents and Indices.

4th. A supplement must consist wholly or in great part of matter like that of a newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets, or a piece or pieces of paper, unstitched; or wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithographs illustrative of articles in the newspaper. The supplement must in every case be published with the newspaper, and must have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page; or, if it consists of engravings, prints, or lithographs,

at the top of every sheet or side. A packet containing two or more newspapers is not chargeable with a higher rate of postage than would be chargeable on a book packet of the same weight.

The postage must be prepaid either by an adhesive stamp, or by the use of a stamped

Every newspaper must be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of easy removal for examination. If this rule be infringed

the newspaper is treated as a letter. Every newspaper must be so folded, as to admit of the title being readily inspected.

A newspaper or packet of newspapers which contains any enclosure except supplements is charged as a letter, unless the enclosure be such as might be sent at the book rate of postage, and the entire packet be sufficiently prepaid as a book packet, in which case it is allowed to pass.

A newspaper which has any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written in it or upon its cover, is charged as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter. No packet of newspapers may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above two feet in length, one foot in width, nor one in depth.

A book-packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters), photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass or any like substance). drawings, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, or any other substance in ordinary use for writing or printing upon; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, Nonch, Netherlands, Portuguese and &c., may be either printed, written, enraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, drc., or of a portion thereof, is allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books, pens or pencils in the case of pocket-books, &c., and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, rollers, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

Circulars,—i.e., letters which are intended for transmission in identical terms to several persons, and the whole or the greater part of which is printed, engraved, or lithographed,-may also be sent by book post.

Rut a book-packet may not contain any letter, or communication of the nature of a letter (whether separate or otherwise) unless it be a circular-letter or be wholly printed; nor any enclosure sealed or in any way closed against inspection. If this rule be infringed, the entire packet is charged as a letter.

A book-packet may be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, pestage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination otherwise it is treated as a letter. For the greater security of the contents, however, it may be tied at the ends with string Postmasters being authorised to cut the string in such cases, although if they do so they must again tie up the packet.

No book-packet may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above 24 inches in length, 12 inches in width, or 12 inches in depth, unless it be sent to or from one of the Government offices.

When, owing to a great and unusual influx of letters, books, etc., the transmission or delivery of the letters would be delayed if the whole mail were dealt with without distinction, book-packets may be kept back till the next despatch or delivery.

They must not be of intrinsic value. This rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature, and indeed whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mere use as a pattern; and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a pattern must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

Pattern and Sample Post to colonies and foreign countries is restricted to bona fide trade patterns or simples of merchandise. Goods sent for sale, or in execution of an order (however small the quantity may be) or any articles sent by one private individual to another, which are not actual patterns or samples, are not admissible.

Patierns or samples, when practicable. must be sent in covers open at the ends. and in such a manner as to be easy of examination. Samples of seeds, drugs, and such like art cles, which cannot be sent in covers of this bind, -but such articles only, -may be pested enclosed in boxes, or bags of linen or other material, fastened in such a manner, that they may be readily opened: or, in the case of seeds do., in bags entirely closed, provided such closed bags are transparent, so as to enable the Officers of the Fost Office readily to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

There must be no writing or printing upon or in any packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

The rule which forbide the transmission through the Post of any article likely to injure the contents of the Mail Bags or The publication must consist wholly Boxes, or the person of any Officer of the great part of political or other news, Post Office is, of course, applicable to the rticles relating thereto, or to other | Pattern Post; and a packet containing anystopics, with or without advertise- thing of the kind will be stopped, and not sent to its destination. Articles such as the following have been occasionally posted Patterns, and have been detained as unfit for the Post, viz: Metal boxes, porcelain and China, fruit, vegetables, bunches

of flowers, cuttings of plants, spure, knives, | by British Packet, for one penny; or via scienors, needles, pins, pieces of machinery, sharp pointed instruments, samples of Hongkong stamps will prepay this class of metals, samples of ore, samples in glass bottles, pieces of glass, acids of various Stamps. kinds, curry combs, copper and steel engraving plates, and confectionery of all kinds.

Such articles as scissors, knives, razors, forks, steel pens, nails, keys, watch machinery, metal tubing, pieces of metal or ore, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the mail bags and to the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time they may be easily examined, may be sent as samples. Indigo cannot be sent to any place.

To provide the greatest possible facilities | Mails for the United Kingdom, &c. by for posting Correspondence for Europe, &c., up to the latest moment before the departure of the French Packets, arrangements have been made for receiving at the Post Office late letters-except those to und through Australia-from 11.10 A.M. to 11.30 A.M. Each letter must bear a late fee of 18 cents extra postage.

A similar supplementary Mail is made up for Shanghai by the English and French Contract Steamers, the late letters being receivedfrom 10 minutes after, up to half an hour after the time of closing. The late fee is also 18 cents.

Miscellaneous Notices.

Local Delivery. 1. All correspondence posted before p.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, ut less the delivery should be retarded by the Contract

2. Invitations, &c., can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business. (See Fostal Guide, par. 103.)

8. Boxholders who desire to send Circulars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards, &c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

4. Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing l'atterns may be wholly of the railway apparatus, the risk of injury closed if the nature of the contents be first is much incressed. exhibited or stated to the Postmaster General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post China or Japan, as well as to Macao, Pak. is would disapprove of his doing so. hoi, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca, They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 5lbs. The postage Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorseany parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General.

2. The following cannot be transmitted Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes, &c.) Glass, Liquids, Explosive aubsta: ces. Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

3. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by I rivate Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probability of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, do., which does not exist.

Mails exchanged with Manila and Saigon.

The Philippine Islands being now admitted into the General Postal Union, it follows that all paid correspondence received from Manila in the mails will be delivered free by this Office, and that all pad cor. respondence sent to Manila in the mails should be delivered free there.

Article IX of the Postal Treaty of Berne provides that "Neither the senders nor the addressees of letters and other postal packets shall be called upon to pay, either in the Country of Origin, or in that of Destination, any tax or duty other than " the recognised rates levied (in the case of paid correspondenc.) by the despatching Office. It is hoped that any extra charge, or apparently extra charge, will at once be brought to the notice of the proper authorities, in either Colony.

The above does not apply in any to loose letters sent outside the mails. These will therefore, which o ntain coin, and all always be charged on arrival in Hongkong and probably the Manila Office will adopt the same course.

Complaints are sometimes received of extra charges on correspondence exchanged between this Colony and Saigon, but it is believed it would be found in all cases that the letters, &c., had been sent loose.

Any Foreign stamps on loose correspondence are obliterated in this Office.

Indian Correspondence. Unpaid Letters are not received for the

Indian Mail Packets. The Pre-payment of correspondence for the Straits, India, Ceylon, and Aden is compulsory by whatever opportunity it is forwarded.

Registration to Bangkok.

Ber Britannic Majesty's Consul General for Siam has been good enough to make arrangements by means of which correspondence can be Registered to Bangkok, at the usual charge of 8 cents.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters.

Privates in H. M. Army or Navy, Noncommissioned Officers, Army Schoolmasters (not superintending or First Class) or Schoolmistresses may send balf-ounce letters to the United Kingdom via Southampton

* But not Warrant Officers, viz., Assistan Engineer, Gunner, Bostswain, or Carpenter,

Brindisi by British Packet for three-pence. correspondence exactly the same as Imperial

Soldiers' and Sailors' letters are, however, charged as ordinary letters if they do not conform to the following regulations:---1. Not to exceed half an ounce. No

double letters are allowed. 2. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full on the letter, and the commanding Officer! must sign his name, with name of Regiment, or Ship, do., in full

B. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

French Packet.

Under instructions from the London Post Office, the Mails for the United Kingdom which have hitherto been forwarded via Marseilles, will henceforth be forwarded viâ Naples, as it is understood that a gain of twelve hours results from the adoption of this route.

As it would be extremely inconvenient to divide the mail, and no practical advantage would result from doing so, all correspondence intended for the United Kingdom by French Packet will be sent viâ Naples, even though marked via Marseilles.

An impression appears to prevail that correspondence for the Mediterranean sta-Turkey, &c., can be forwarded only by British Packet. It can be forwarded also by French Packet, and if so forwarded generally arrives a week earlier than if it had been detained for the British Mail.

arise from the non-delivery, mis-sending, purchased. or mis-delivery of any letter, book, or other pos al packet (even if the packet be registered), nor is the Post Office responsible for any mujury which a packet may sustain

during its transmission. To guard against such injury all postal packets which are likely to suffer from stamping or from great pressure should be placed in strong covers; and even with this precaution no fragile article should be sent through the Post. It should be remembered that every packet has to be handled several times; that it is exposed to considerable pressure and friction in the mail bag; and that, whenever the bag has in the course of its transmission to be transferred by means

No information can be given respecting letters which pass through a Post Office except to the persons to whom they are addressed; and in no other way is official information of a private character allowed to be made public. A Postmaster may, however, give an address if he has no reason between any of the British Post (flices in | to believe that the person whose address it

Postmasters are not allowed to return any letter or other packet to the writer or sender, or to any one else, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address, will be 20 cents per lb., which will include even though a request to such effect be written thereon. Postmasters are not bound to give change,

ment, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but | nor are they authorised to demand change; | and when money is paid at a Post Office, whether as change or otherwise, no qui ation as to its right am unt, goodness, or weight can be entertained after it has been removed from the counter.

Postmasters are not bound to weigh any letters or other packets for the public, but they may do so if their duty be not thereby

The practice of sealing letters passing to and from the East and West Indies, and other countries with hot climates, with wax (except such as is specially prepared), is attended with much inconvenience, and frequently with serious injury, not only to the letters so sealed but to the other letters in the mail, from the melting of the wax and adhesion of the letters to each other. The public are therefore recommended, in all such cases, to use either wafers or gum, and to advise their correspondents in the countries referred to, to do the same.

The registration of a packet makes its transmission much more secure, inasmuch as, under ordinary circumstances, a registered packet can be traced through its whole course; and thus the less of a registered packet is a very rare occurrence. Nevertheless large sums of money or other articles of great value should not be sent through the post, even if the packet be registered; as the machinery of the Department is not arranged with a view to such transmission. By law, the Post Office is not re ponsible for the safe delivery of registered packets; though any officer who may neglect his duty on this point will be called to strict account. Sent in unregistered letters, valuable articles are exposed to risk, and ther a temptation which ought not to be created; and the Departme t cannot in any way undertake the safe conveyance of such packets. Ali in and or colonial letters, inland letters which contain watches or jewellery, even though they be posted without registration, are treated as registered, and charged on d livery with a double registration fee of eightpence in addition to the ordinary postage; and any such letters which cannot be registered in time to be forwarded by the Mail for which they are posted are detained for the next despatch. Even if the letter do not contain any article of intrinsic value, it should, if it be very important, be registered.

Most countries to which Hongkong forwards Correspondence having joined the General Postal Union or being probably about to do so, it is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money. jewels, precious articles, or anything that. as a general rule, is liable to Customs

2. This Regulation probibits the sending

of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value. 3. The limits of weight allowed are as

Books and Papers-to British Offic s. 5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs. Patterns-to British Offices 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent, 40. 8 or

PARCELS.-The public is reminded that, there is no such thing as Parcel Post to Europe, &c. Much trouble and disappointment is caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Fans, Curios, Articles of Dress Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by s camer. N refund can be made on such parcels of th value of Stamps obliterated before th nature of the contents was discovered.

PATTERNS.—Some difficulty is experience in obtaining a general understanding what is a Pattern. It is a bond fide samp of goods which the sender has for sale, of goods which he wishes to order. It to consist of the smallest possible quanticompatible with shewing what the good are, and must have no intrinsic value.

To-provide means of remitting am: sums of money to or from this Colony an between the Ports of China and Japan, th Postmasters and Agents of this Office wi in future be allowed (but not required) purchase Hongkong Postage Stamps from foreign residents.

Between Hongkong and Shanghai, Hongkong and Yokohama, however, either direction, Money-Orders must !

The Stamps tendered for sale must no exceed \$50 in value, must be perfectl tions, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, the Levant, least two, as no separate Stamps will be purchased. They must be presented per aonally or accompanied by a note.

The Postmaster or Agent may postpon purchasing if his public funds in hand are not aufficient, and he will refuse to purchase in any case which appears doubtful or The Post Office is not, by law, responsible suspicious. He is allowed to charge a for any loss or inconvenience which may | Commission of one per cent on all Stamps

> Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Letter. The following Regulations as to the

> Indemnity to be paid in certain cases on the loss of negistered correspondence have been made by His Excellency the Governor under Ordinance 10 of 1876, Section XII. The Post Office is not regaily responsible

for the sale delivery of Registered corres pondence, but henceforth it will be prepared to make good the contents of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain cases, providéd :--

1. that the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration require. 2. That the letter was securely enclosed

in a reasonably strong envelope. 3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong immediately the loss was discovered, the envelope being invariably forwarded with such application unless it also is lost.

4. That the Postmaster General is satisfied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British Postal administration in Uhina, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, nor by the disho esty or negligence of any person not in the employment of the Hongkong Post Office.

5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to tragile articles such as portraits, watches, handsomely bound books, &c., which reach their destination, although in a broken or deteriorated condition.

Money Order Regulations. 1.-Money Orders on the United King dom and the Straits Settlements are issued at Hongkong, shanghai and Yokohama Shanghai and Yokohama also issue on Hongkong and vice versa.

2 -Small sums may be remitted between the other Forts by means of Postage

3.—Many Money Orders are supplied to residents at the smaller Ports in this way, An application for an order* is filled up. and is enclosed with a stamped, directed, and unsealed envelope to the Postmaster at the nearest issuing office. The application must be accompanied with the full amount (including commission) in cheque, postage stamps, or other equivalent of cash, and a | Corea little margin should be left for variations of exchange. The Postmaster issues the Crosshill order, sends it on in the envelope, and returns the change, if any, by first opportunity, with a receipt for the letter, if it were to be registered, as it always should be. Care should to taken to send these applications in time, as the Money Order Offices close some hours be ore the depar-

tures of the mails. 4.-No order must exceed £10, or include any fraction of a penny. Orders will Gitanilla be drawn at the current rate of the day! Glanduiving and paid at the rate of the day when the Glory

advice arrived. The commission is as follows:-

Orders on the United Kingdom. Up to £2..... 18 cents. £5......36 ,, £7......54 ,,

£10.....72 ,, Local Money Orders (including Straits

Up to \$25......15 cents. ,, 50.....30 ,,

5.-Lists of Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom may be consulted at Shenchi Hongkong, Shanghai, an Yokobama. 6. - Names must be given in full (except when there is more than one Christian name) but the name of the Payee need not be given if the order be crossed (as cheques are crossed). It can then be paid only through a Bank, and may afterwards be specially crossed to any Bank.

7.-No order can be paid till the Payee have signed it in the proper place. order on be transferred to another office on payment of an additional commission. In case of loss of an order, necessity for stopping payment, or the like, application should be made to the nearest Money Order Office for instructions.

8. -If the order be not presented within six months an additional commission will be charged; if not within twelve months, the money will be forfeited. When the order is once paid no further claim can be entertained.

9.—No order can be paid until the advice relative to it has been received.

Made out on a printed form which is supplied + Local Orders on Shanghai are drawn at 2 per cent, premium in all cases. A fixed dollar rate for drawing on the United Kingdom is in force at Shanghai.

POST OFFICE NOTICE. Unclaimed Correspondence,

October 17, 1879.

Allen, E. L. B. 1

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ţ-	Kong Woh Sing 1:	regd. Vernon. H.	
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1	Lin Lung War 1 r	egd.Yam Kow 1	
^	Lofholm, N. 1	Zaire, Monsr. 1	6
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Detained for Postage.

Koo Kum, shop G. Y. M. G. A. 1 letter 24 cents to pay. Honolula Sandwich Islands

For Merchant Ships.

Lets. Pap Adam M. Simpson1 1 Italia, s.s. Aikshant Jan Niclason Jane Avery Alexander Jessie McDonald 2 Newton Jules Dufaure Julia A. Brown Ancona, S.R. 1 Kaisow Anna Sophia Karo, 8.8. Kim Yong Tye Annie Weston Kvik Auguste Lancashire Witch! Ban Lce Largs Loter Bathlor Mad Cap Beandtha Martha Davis Belloner Miriam Belted Will Monte Rosa Benjamin Ayman1 Moses B. Tower 1 Nettie Merryman 2 Callao N. Boynton Candace N. Pendelton Ceylon Orinoco Charity Patterdale Chinaman Pegasus, s.s. -Pendragon Petrel, s.s. Philip Fitzpatrick! Pompero Prima Donna Primus Colwyn Prosperity-Pym 🗸 Queen of England 1 1 Queen Pumia R. M. Hayward 2 Rifleman E. M. Young Rover of the Seas 5 Scindia Nicholson Sir Lancelot Falcon Ferntower, s.s. Southern Cross Fiery Cross Sunbeam, e.s. Freeman Spartan Gartwin Staut Gauntlet

> For H. M. Ships, &c. Lets. Pap.

Syria, e.s.

Tung Ting

Undaunted

Undine

Vanguard.

Vesuvina

Woollahra

Yorktown

A STEELER

Zephyr

Wero

Thingvalla, s.s.

Three Brothers

Books, etc. without Covers. Alstadische Optische & Co.'s p. c.

Army and Navy Gazette. Colburn's U. S. Magazine. Durant & Co.'s Public Sale. Ekkehard. Evens Sons & Co.'s Price Current. Familien Register.

Gacetta de Madrid. Gartenlaube. Herman Aarons (Cards). Jenne Republique.

Golwan

Haze

Hattie N. Bangs 1

Hattie E. Tapley 5

Hazel Holme

Henry A Paul

Hazelhurst

Hopewell

Marine Verordnungs Blatt. Movimento.

Register der Abbeldungen. Russian Fashion Paper. Verzameling. Weekly Dispatch

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked h., near the Kowloong shore k., and those in the body of the Shipping or midway between each shore are marked c., in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

Section. 1. From Green Island to the Gas Works. 2 From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.

Anchor-

British

Chinese

British

HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER

STEAMERS.

Captain.

Ogaton

Hoyland

Benning,

Degen

Lefavour

Browne

.....

Cary

Annames

Vessel's Name.

Egeria.....

Epsilon

Foxhound

Frolic

Meeanee

Theta

Name.

Ichang Kin Shan

Powan

Spark

Yotsal

Kiu Kiang

Tung Ting White Cloud

Sir J. Jeejeebhoy

Li Tai C. D.

Midge 7 h

Sheldrake 6 h

Sun-keeJar.Sl.

Vencedora K. D.

Tons.

1890

Victor Emanuel...... 5

3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.

5, From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf. 6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard. 7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.

Hamburg

New York

Cleared

For Sale

Cos'tan Dock

Cos'tan Dock

Commander.

A. L. Douglas

F. E. Walker, R.N.

Wm. H. G. Nowell

Stuart H. Rickman

Lt.-Com. M. L. Bridges

Commander.

Chinese Admiral

Chun Ti Hu

O. H. Palmer

Li Ping Tye

J. H. Wade

J. B. Murray

Godail

A. Walker

Stewart

Read

H. Salmond

J. H. Wade

J. J. Bell, R.N.

R. Paul, R.N.

Francisco Alararo

Commodore Smith

Lang, R.N.

Yuen

Veal,

Turkeys,

Gudgeon,

Gurnard,

Haddock,

King Crab,

Labrus,

Live Fish,

Lobsters.

Mullet,

Perch,

Pike,

Plaice,

Prawns,

Ray,

Parrot Fish.

Pomíret, White

Pomíret, Black

Herrings, fresh

Bangkok

Hamburg

Hamburg

Hamburg

Hamburg

Singapore

London

Shanghai

Date of

Arrival.

Sept. 30

Oct.

Sept.

June

Sept.

June

Oct.

Tons.

600

120

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Aug, 👍 b

CHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON

WATERS, &c.

Guns.

H. P.

H. P.

.....

Guns.

...

Name.

An-lan

Chen-jui

Chen-to

Ching-on

Ching-po

Chun-tung

Quang-on

Shen-chi

Sui-tsing

Tsing-po

Tching-tsing

Peng-chou-hal

London |

London

8. From Pier to East Point. 4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office. Flag and Destination. Remarks. Consignees or Agents. Tons. Vessel's Name. Captain. Steamers Bombay 2 h Brit, str. 749 Feb. 12 Kwok Acheong Swatow and Amoy 18 Bun Hin Chan To-morrow Carisbrooke4 c Wharton Brit. at daylight Bangkok Charlton 2 h Johnson Brit. 12 Tack Mee Yokohama 8 P. & O. S. N. Co. China 5 c Alderton Brit. Saigon Craiglands | 5 c | mith | Brit. 22nd inst. 13 Yuen Fat Hong Bangkok 22nd inst. Diamante 5 h Thebaud Brit. Tug Plying Fame 6 h Stopani Brit. **************** Y'hama & S. F'cisco 22nd Inst. Gaelic 5 c Kidley Brit. str. 1712 Sept. Yokohama & Hiogo at daylight Oct. 17 Jardine, Matheson & Co. Gleneagles 5 c MacBain Brit. str. 1837 Hoihow Hoihow Kiungchow 2 h Love Brit. 15 Kwok Acheong 21st, daylight Coast Ports 16 Douglas Lapraik & Co. Kwangtung 5 h 1 bbott Brit. Yokohama via Kobe To-day 12 Mitsu Bishi M. S. S. Co. Niigata Maru 3 c Walker Japan. str. Cos'tan Dock 31 Kwok Acheong Norna Love Brit. str. May Australian Ports 30th inst. 4 Geo. R. Stevens & Co. Oceank d WebberBrit. London, &c. 28rd Inst. "24]China Traders' Insurance Co. Sea Gull 8 k Haydon Amer. str. 48 Mar. Marseilles, &c. To-day 👍 Tigre 5 c Champenois ... Fch. 14 Messageries Maritimes 2159 Oct. K'loon Dock 16 Siemasen & Co. Yangtsze Schultze Brit. str. 782 Oct. Sailing Vessels New York Adelaide Norris 4 c Woodward Amer. bqe. Manila

Adolph4 c FornGer. bqe. 867 Sept. San Francisco Alexander Yeats 3 c Dunham Canad. sh. 1598 | ept. Cos'tan Dock 632 Aug. Burg. van Middelburg 5 k Blanken Dutch bqe. 602 30 Siemssen & Co. Sept. Belle of Oregon....... 7 c Merriman Amer. bqe. Costan Dock Shanghai Chateaubriand Leroy Fch. bqe. 347 Sept. For Sale 284 July Adamson, Bell & Co. Chocola Ł k Kennett Brit. bge. bae. New York 24 Russell & Co. Fabius 2 c Reeves ∹lam. sh. New York 11 Russell & Co. 1083 July Fred. P. Litchfield ... 4 k | palding Amer. bge. Gesine Brons 4 k v. Trümbach ... Ger. bqe. New York Coastan Dock Glamorganshire Angear Brit. bqe. bqe. 2 Remedios & Co. H. Upmann 5 k Weber Ger. bqe.

310 |Sept.

572 Oct.

bqe.

Harrington......4 c Porter Brit. bqe. Highlander 4 k Autchinson ... Amer. sh. 19 Vogel & Co. J. A. Borland4 c Kent Amer. bqe. 18 Vogel & Co. 690 Aug. Kalaja...... 2 c Roos Russ. bqe. Kim Yong Tye 2 c Kofoed Slam. bqe. 453 Sept. Kirkland 4 k Colledge Brit, bqe. Lucky 2 c Soderstrom Siam. bqe 330 |Sept. 26 Carlowitz & Co. Mangerton 3 k Thompson Brit. bqe. 12 Yuen Fat Hong Norseman I b etterson Siam. sh 10 Arnhold, Karberg & Co. 251 Oct. Princess Seraphi 3 k Münchan Siam. bqe. 22 Carlowitz & Cor 454 Sept. 12 Remedios & Co. San Lorenzo 4 k Vidarte Span. sch. 1129 Oct. 794 Aug. 28 Douglas Lapraik & Co.

Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.

794

2060

2591

11 Vogel & Co.

6 Arnhold, Karberg & Co.

Ta Hongkong Buchmann Siam. 2 Eduard Schellhass & Co. 25 Vogel & Co. Triton 4 k Kallsen Ger. Aug. Sept. 14 Douglas Lapraik & Co. Twilight 3 k Watland Amer. sh. 21 Russell & Co. Wm. H. Deitz Endicott Am.bktine. Young Siam 3 c Benedictsen ... Siam. sh. WHAMPOA

GautierFch. 11 Carlowitz & Co. Charlté Dudfield Brit. bqe. 6 Arnhold, Karberg & Co. 472 Oct. Collie Brit. 3m.sc. 340 Sept. 26 Thomas & Mercer Rosebud CANTON Brit. str. 761 Oct. 17 Siemssen & Co.

Class.

steam sloop

gunboat

gunboat

gunboat

gunboat

gunboat

gunboat

gunboat

gunboat

man-of-war

Commodore's flag-ship

Owners.

Butterfield and Swire
H., C. & M. S.-boat Co.
H., C. & M. S.-boat Co.
H., C. & M. S.-boat Co.

H., C. & M. S.-boat Co.

H., C. & M. S.-boat Co.

Kwok Acheong

Kwok Acheong

gun vessel

man-of-war

military hospital

Corrected to Saturday, October 18th, 1879. At 1080 Cash per Dollar Mexican. Paten. Highest. Lousse. Chinese Names.

HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Butcher Meat. Bacon, English. Ame. Sugar cured ... 尾龍切 Beef, sirloin and prime cut, cy. 140 130 Beef Corned, Roast, 150 140 50 Bullocks' Brains, 300 270 Tongue, fresh, each 270 Head, 130 120 Heart, 130 120 Hump, Salt . catty Kidneys Tripe (undressed), catty Calves' Head and Feet, set Hams, American. Chinese.

Mutton Chop,

Sheeps' Head, and Kidnevs

Sucking Pigs, Suet, Beef, . Sweet Bread,

Poultry. Capons Ducks, Eggs, Hen

Fowls. Geese, Partridges. Rice Birds. . Pigeons, Rabbits, live, Canton . Snipe,

Cock,

Bombay Ducks. Bream. Carp, Catfish, Codfish, Salt, Cuttle Fish. Dog Fish. Eals, Congor Fresh water File Fish, 鮮魚仔 Frogs, 石班魚 Garoups 白蛤魚

.00

白鮪

明蝦

each

火鷄公

Bessard Ching BAILING VESSELS. Focebow Siamese barque German barque Hermann Johann Helnrich German schooner John R. Worcester British ship Siamese brig Kimsoonhoat British schooner Lulu Martha Brockelmann German barque Oscar Vidal British barque British brig Pelham 1 for New York Serapis

Japanese British Kerguelen French MERCHANT SAILING VESSELS. American barque Japanese barque

Slam

French corvette H. M. gunboat French gunboat H. M. gunboat U. S. corvette V. H. gunboat

Siamese barque

石狗公 Rock Fish. Roach. Salmon, Salt water, Shark young, Salmon, Canton, Salt Flah. Shrimps, Snapper. Soles, Fresh Tench, Turbot, Turtles, small, fresh water, each 銀魚仔 White Bait.

虫鳞 Whiting, Aleurites, 舊金山平菓 Apples, California, Bananas, fragrant, Oanton, Chestnuts, New, . Carrambola Citron, Green Coccanuts Currants. Dates, Figs, Dried, Grapes, Puntl, . catty Tientsin. Lemons, China, ... Lichees, Dried, 800 250 Loong Ngan, Dried, Oranges, Canton, New. Coolie Mandarin Pears, Nankin, Persimons. Pine-apples,

Pomegranates, Canton, each Prunea, Dried, Pumelo, Flat, Raisins, Muscatal, 珠提取 Sugar Cane, Tamarinds. catty Walnuts, Water Chesnuts, com. Mandarin, ,, Vegetables. Asparagus, Beans, sprout, 20

Plantains, common

Fragrant,

澳門新出邊豆 Long, Dolichos, Brassica. Brinjals, Cabbage, Canton, White Carrota, English, bunch Calery, Chinese, . Chilies, Dried, Cucumbers. Curry Stuff, English, Egg Plant,

Gourd, make Green Sprouts Horse Radish, Shanghai, ,, Lettuce, Chinese English Mint, . bunch Okras, CATER Onions, Bombay Green Paraley, Chinese, English,

Ginger, old,

Potatoes, Japanese, catty Shanghai, Purslane, Radiahes. Scallions, Sesamum, Shalota,

Spinach, Tare, Tomatoes Turnips, Sait,

白芝蘇

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iris .	t. 11, 1879. for Fremantle	
Kwangtung	for Hongkong H. M. gunboat for Colonies	
Lapwing	H. M. gunboat	
Mikado	for Colonies	
Sir Lancelot	for London	
Wandering Minst	rel for Melbourne	
White Adder	for London	

Oct. 10, 1879. MERCHANT STEAMERS British Ancona Chin-tung Chinese for London, &c. Deucalion Kurope British Glenartney British Glenooe for New York Gionearn Gwallor British British Hee-en

Kiang yuen Kung Wo Oriesa Paokong Pekin Tahyew *Tigre Tokio Maru Wuhu: Yang-isé Benclutha Ohihaya Maru * Since left post, or arrived at Hongkong.

MERCHANT STEAMERS. Chinese Hae-san Danish H. C. Orsted Hideyoshi Maru Japanese Klang ching Chinese Chinese Kiang-kwan Kiang-tung Ohinese Chinese British British British British Chinese French

British ship Thurland Castle French barque Veteran MEN-OF-WAR. Мопоскоу